The Sydney Morning Herald.

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CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS for one inch and under, 3s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion.

KEERA, FOR WOLLONGONG.

THIS splendid screw Steamer having been thoroughly repaired and painted, will resume her trips to Wollongong on Tuesday, the 29th June, at 8 A.M., and continue to run as heretofore.

Phœnix Wharf, Erskine-street,
June 26. 14624

STEAM TO THE HUNTER.

THE THISTLE TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, AT 10 P.M.

REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS AND PASSAGE MONEY

By the Unrivalled Iron Steamers ROSE AND THISTLE,
Between Morpeth and Sydney:—
SALOON, 10s.; FORE CABIN, 5s.
Dead Weight, 8s.
Measurement, 10s.

Horses, 9s., and if more than one, 7s. 6d. each.
The rates to and from Newcastle and intermediate calling places in proportion.

JAMES PATERSON, Manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf,
28th June. 14677

"CLARENCE" STEAM SHIP. NOTICE.

THE "CLARENCE" will make her first trip to Morpeth, calling at Newcastle on Tuesday next, the 29th instant, starting from Mr. Taylor's wharf, foot of Erskine-street, at ten o'clock, P.M., and will continue until further notice regularly to trade between Sydney and Morpeth, leaving Sydney every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 P.M., and Morpeth, every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A.M.

The following will be the rates of freight and passage.

	s.	d.
Dead weight—per ton	10	0
Measurement—per ton	15	0
Cabin passage—Sydney to Morpeth	17	6
Steerage—ditto ditto	8	0
Cabin passage—Sydney to Newcastle	12	6
Steerage ditto ditto	6	0

Horses—12s. each; for more than five, 10s. each

Corresponding rates for intermediate stopping places.

Parcels and small packages at moderate rates.

IN SYDNEY.—All goods must be sent to the Wharf before six o'clock P.M. on the days of sailing, and all freights must be paid in Sydney before shipment.

At Morpeth the Clarence will discharge and load at Anlaby's old wharf, of which passengers and shippers will please to take notice.

14412 "By the Provisional Committee."

STEAM TO MELBOURNE AND LAUNCESTON,

CALLING AT EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.

On the 1st and 15th of every month.

THE iron steam-ship SHAMROCK, W. Bell, Commander, will be despatched for the above ports on THURSDAY, *1st July*, at 3 P.M.

JAS. PATERSON, Manager.
A.S.N. Co.'s Wharf. 14267

FOR MORPETH.

Calling at Newcastle and Raymond Terrace.

THE BRIGANTINE FORTITUDE. For freight, &c. apply to W. WEBB, Union Wharf.

A Prime lot of Compressed Hay and Maize by the above vessel for sale. 14651

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.

THE ELIZABETH COHEN Easton, master, will leave the Union Wharf on Wednesday, the 30th instant, wind and weather permitting. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

HENRY COHEN,
14617 Hunter-street.

FOR MORETON BAY.

THE favourite and well-known schooner HARLEQUIN, Hutchins, master, will sail to-morrow. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Agent,
Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street).

☞ All freights payable in Sydney. 14637

FOR MORETON BAY,

THE favourite fast Ketch EMILY, Hardy, master, will positively sail This Evening, full or not full. For freight or passage apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street).

☞ All freights payable in Sydney. 14638

FOR THE CLARENCE RIVER,

THE favourite and well-known regular trader Brig HANNAH, 90 tons, Captain Ellis, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will positively sail on Wednesday next. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street).

☞ All freights payable in Sydney, 14639

FOR PANBULA AND TWOFOLD BAY,

THE fast-sailing schooner GIPSY, 60 tons burthen, E. Archdeacon, master, will sail for the above ports on Wednesday, 30th instant. For particulars of freight or passage apply on board; or to

HENRY CLARKE,
Union Wharf.

All freights payable in Sydney.
June 26. 14563

THE FIRST AND ONLY VESSEL FOR WIDE BAY.

THE favourite clipper brigantine MEG MERRILIES, 100 tons, Captain Smith, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will sail to-morrow. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation (beds, bedding, &c., being found free of extra charge,) apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Agent,
Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street.)

☞ In consequence of the high rate of wages and provisions, freight will be charged 40s. per ton.

☞ All freights payable in Sydney. 14634

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

Going right up to the Wharf without Lightering a Package.

THE favourite clipper packet, PHŒBE, J. C. Johnstone, Master, 120 tons burthen, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodation, beds, bedding, wines, beer, spirits, &c., found on board free of charge. Apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door south of the Bank of New South Wales.
13694

FOR WIDE BAY.

THE regular clipper trader CHRISTOPHER GEORGE, 70 tons, Captain Sugden, will sail for the above port on Saturday next. For freight or passage apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street.)

☞ In consequence of the high rate of wages and provisions, freight will be charged 40s per ton.

☞ All freights payable in Sydney. 14640

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

Going up to the Wharf.

THE fine clipper brig GOVERNOR, A1, 147 tons register, Alfred Brooks, commander, having two-thirds of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch.

For light freight or passage, having excellent accommodation, apply on board, at Towns' Wharf; or, to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 480, George-street,
One door south of the Bank of New South Wales. 14056

VANQUISH FOR MELBOURNE.

Going right up to the Wharf, without lightering a package.

Clears at the Customs this day.

SHIPPERS are requested to complete their shipments at once, and passengers to pay their balances to Captain Watt, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 480, George-street,
One door south of the Bank of New South Wales.
13791

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,

THE first-class passenger brig CLARA, J. Eedy, commander, now undergoing a thorough over-haul, will be ready to receive cargo in a few days.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

E. M. SAYERS,
Port Phillip Packet Office,
489, George-street.

Goods for shipment by this vessel will be received into Dalgarno's Store, free of charge.
14302

THE CREMONA, FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

☞ Going up to the Wharf, without lightering.

Will clear at the Customs to-morrow, and will proceed to sea immediately after.

Early application for freight or passage is necessary on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street.
14646

FOR MELBOURNE,

Discharges all her cargo at the Wharf.

THE powerful clipper first-class Schooner EAGLE, 200 tons burthen, F. Phillpott, commander, has room for a few tons of freight, if engaged immediately.

Cabin and steerage passengers are invited to inspect the very superior accommodations of this vessel. Apply to the Commander, on board; or to

HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP,
Macquarie-place.

The Eagle will commence loading at the Bon Accord Wharf on Monday morning next, and POSITIVELY proceed to sea on the following Thursday. 14449

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,

THE splendid Clipper Packet THOMAS AND HENRY, 234 tons register, J. H. Nickson, commander, having much of her cargo engaged will have immediate despatch.

For freight or passage, having splendid cabin for ladies or families, beds, bedding, &c., beer, and spirits, being found free of charge, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 480, George-street.
One door south of the Bank of New South Wales. 13691

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,

THE favourite clipper brig PHANTOM, 250 tons, Captain Hannah, for light freight and passengers only. The accommodations of this vessel being so well known while in the Adelaide trade, no other comment is necessary than to state that she is still provided in the same liberal manner. Apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
14635 Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street).

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

☞ Going up to the Wharf as usual, without lightering.

THAT well-known favourite brig WILD IRISH GIRL, 160 tons, Walter K. Todd, commander.

This fine vessel is hourly expected, and more than three-fourths of her cargo in store, and ready to go on board. Shippers are informed that she will not be detained more than five days after arrival. Early application for about 40 tons of freight is necessary to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street.

June 28.

☞ Goods intended for shipment by this vessel received and stored free of expense.
14669

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,

Going right to the wharf without lightering a Package.

THE beautiful clipper Schooner ADVENTURE, 103 tons register, will have immediate despatch.

For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door south of the Bank of New South Wales.

. A few cabin passengers only will be taken at reasonable rates, without wines, beer, or spirits. 14454

THE GOLDEN SPRING, FOR MELBOURNE.

THE fine powerful brig GOLDEN SPRING, 300 tons burthen, M'Veigh, master, may now be hourly expected, and a great portion of her cargo being already under engagement, her detention here will not exceed seven clear working days, and parties having goods to ship, and requiring immediate storage can send them down at once, and receipts given, and if necessary bills of lading signed immediately after the goods are received into store.

For cabin, intermediate, and steerage passage apply to the undersigned.

JAMES COOK.
Circular Quay, June 26.
American coin taken for freight or passage.
14586

EMMA FOR GEELONG.

For passengers only.

Clears at the Customs this day.

ALL Customs' Entries must be passed, and bills of lading sent in before noon this day to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 480, George-street, one door south of the Bank of New South Wales.

A few CABIN OR STEERAGE PASSENGERS will be landed on the Wharf in Melbourne, *free of any extra charge.* 14647

FOR GEELONG DIRECT.

THE fine schooner SHAMROCK, 120 tons, Captain Newcombe, will positively clear at the Customs this day, and proceed to sea to-morrow. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Agent,
14636 Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street).

FOR HOBART TOWN.

(Will sail on Wednesday next.)

THAT well-known favourite brig EMMA, 170 tons, Thomas T. Brown, commander.

It is requested that all freight intended for shipment by this vessel be sent to the Wharf at once. She is bound to sail as above. Early application for freight or passengers is necessary, on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street.
June 24 14645

FOR WELLINGTON AND CANTERBURY.

THE barque DUKE OF ROXBURGH, 498 tons register, G. Collard, commander, will sail from Newcastle in all this month.

For freight or passage apply to

HENRY MOORE.
Moore's Wharf, June 15.

WANTED, a Mate, a Carpenter, and a few able Seamen. 13786

FOR HONOLULU,

Calling at TAHITI, should sufficient inducement offer,

THE Clipper Schooner HARRIET, M. M. Webster, commander, is now receiving cargo at the Circular Wharf, and will positively sail on the 30th instant.

For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or to

SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
14122 Sussex-street.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF HORSES. FOR CALCUTTA.

THE well-known ROYAL SAXON, W. Charlesworth, commander, will sail for the above port in all July. For freight or passage apply at the Wharf.

R. TOWNS.
June 3 12864

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

THE Horses engaged by the Ship SIR GEORGE SEYMOUR, for MADRAS, will be shipped at Campbell's Wharf, on Monday, 28th instant.

For passage apply to Captain Naylor; or to

WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO.
June 18. 14066

FOR MADRAS OR CALCUTTA.

Daily expected from Melbourne.

THE fine first class ship ATHENIAN 673 tons register, A1 at Lloyd's, Captain Case, hourly expected from Melbourne, offers a first-rate conveyance for a limited number of horses to India, being seven feet between decks, and well ventilated, having scuttles fore and aft.

For particulars apply to

SMITH, BROTHERS AND CO.,
13782 Sussex-street.

FINAL NOTICE. TO SHIPPERS TO MAURITIUS.

THE fine barque FANNY FISHER, Charles Harrold, commander, 300 tons burthen, under engagement with Her Majesty's Government to sail on the 30th instant.

All cargo must be on board by Tuesday next, at Buchanan's Wharf. Holders of beef, tallow, tongues, &c., if they lose this opportunity, will not have another this season of availing themselves of the favourable market Port Louis offers.

Passengers for England or the Cape will find this vessel very comfortable, and as the line of steamers from London to the Cape extend now to the Mauritius, this is the safest and most expeditious passage. A stern cabin vacant.

Apply to Captain Harrold on board, or to

HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt, 480, George-street.
26th June. 14570

FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON, FOR GOLD ONLY.

THE A1 clipper barque PELHAM, 354 tons register, H. Anderson, commander. This vessel being now first ship, and a fast sailer, presents the best opportunity to gold shippers. Is cleared and in the stream. Shippers are requested to make arrangements to weigh, &c., as soon as possible. Apply to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
14642 Lyons-buildings, George-street.

FOR LONDON.

THE British-built first-class barque UNICORN, 375 tons, G. Penney, commander, having a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage apply to Captain Penney, on board, or to

FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.
Hunter-street, April 5.
Wanted, a Chief Officer. 12860

FOR LONDON.

For Gold, Light Freight, and Passengers, only.

THE fine barque NESTOR, A1, 458 tons, John Kyle, commander.

This vessel has first rate accommodation for CABIN, INTERMEDIATE, and STEERAGE passengers. Apply to the captain, on board; to

EBSWORTH AND CO.;
Or,
J. B. METCALFE.
June 24. 14447

FOR LONDON.

To sail positively on the 27th proximo.

THE A1 ship AGENORIA, 763 tons register, Thomas Seon, commander. This vessel having nearly all her cargo engaged, will sail positively on her advertised day.

For freight or passage apply to the commander on board, at the Circular Quay; or, to

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.
June 25. 14533

FOR LONDON,

For light Freight, Gold, and Passengers only,

THE splendid A1 ship ROMAN EMPEROR, 793 tons register, William Champion, commander.

This vessel is now loading at Campbell's Wharf, and having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will have quick despatch. From her first-rate sailing qualities, and being well armed, offers a very desirable conveyance to shippers of gold. Intending Passengers are invited to inspect her cabin accommodation,—a plan of which can be seen at the office of the undersigned. Carries a surgeon.

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
14643 Lyons-buildings, George-street.

FOR LONDON.

For Wool, Gold Dust, and Passengers only.

THE ship FATIMA, A1 for 13 years, 521 tons register, A. Sproul, commander, having arrived from Moreton Bay, will sail immediately for the above mentioned port. Has room for a few bales of wool only.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to the Commander, on board, off the Circular Wharf, or to

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.
June 25. 14532

SAPPHIRE, FOR LONDON.

Notice to Shippers of Gold.

THE above A1 beautiful clipper barque will sail on the 3rd July

Shippers of Gold are reminded that the Sapphire made the passage from Liverpool to Sydney in NINETY-SIX days.

J. B. METCALFE.

N. B.—Two or three Cabin Passengers can be accommodated at moderate rates.
June 25. 14530

FOR LONDON,

Will positively leave the Wharf, full or not full, on the 1st July.

THE fine first-class fast sailing armed ship EMPEROR, 700 tons register, James N. Seagrove, commander, having nearly the whole of her dead weight on board, and the greater part of her cargo engaged, is under engagement to leave on the day named. Parties about proceeding to England are invited to inspect the splendid accommodations and spacious 'tween decks of this fine vessel, which offers a most eligible and safe opportunity for the conveyance of a limited number of cabin, intermediate and steerage passengers, who will be taken at a low rate. A most liberal scale of provisions will be provided for the intermediate and steerage. The attention of shippers of gold is particularly requested to the present favourable opportunity, which will be the only one likely to occur for a considerable period.

For freight or passage apply on board, at the Circular Quay; or to

J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.; or
L. AND S. SPYER,
12041 Spring-street.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, OR CHARTER.

THE new clipper schooner AMALIA, Fünch, commander, just arrived from Melbourne.

The Amalia is a remarkably well constructed vessel, and superabundantly found in boats, sails, anchors, gear, and stores of every description.

She is a very fast sailer, and carries 250 tons of cargo at a suitable draft of water for the Melbourne trade, and could be sent on a foreign or colonial voyage at a few hours' notice.

Apply to Captain Fünch, on board; or to

HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP,
Macquarie-place.

N.B.—As the Amalia sails at present under the Swedish ensign, she could be re-named if registered as a British ship. 14650

WANTED, a Vessel of about 100 tons, to proceed to Brisbane, Moreton Bay, and back. Apply to

SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.,
Macquarie-place.
June 26. 14631

WANTED, a Vessel to proceed to the Richmond River, for a full cargo of tallow and hides.

Apply to
THACKER AND CO.
June 21. 14220

BARQUE SAPPHIRE.

SHIPPERS are requested to send in Bills of Lading for signature, and pass entries at the Custom House this day.

J. B. METCALFE.
June 28. 14621

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Chairman, T. W. Smart, Esq.,
Deputy Chairman, Charles Kemp, Esq.
DIRECTORS
Robert Towns, Esq. | R. M. Robey, Esq.
Thos. Holt, jun., Esq. | W. R. Scott, Esq.
Surveyor, James Hume, Esq.
Secretary, George King, Esq.

The Directors of the Sydney Fire Insurance Company call the attention of the public to the following reduced Scale of their Rates of Premium:—

SECTION A.—Slated buildings, 6s. to 12s. per cent.

SECTION B.—Shingled buildings, 8s. to 18s. per cent.

SECTION C.—Weather-boarded buildings, 15s. to 30s. per cent.

FIFTY PER CENT. of the Premium will be *returned* on the renewal, for twelve months, on all *yearly* policies, SO THAT THE ACTUAL *cost of Insurance will be* ONE-HALF *only of the above rates.*

This Company is established upon the principles of the Saxe Gotha Company, which is one of the leading and the most popular Fire Insurance Company in Germany, and which established, on the occasion of the great fire in Hamburg, the soundness of its principles. It then paid *all losses in full* without inconvenience to its members.

All parties desirous of insuring in this Company may satisfy themselves by previous inspection of the register book as to the ability of members to make good the amount of their respective contributions.

Application for Insurance to be made to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 397, Pitt-street.

GEORGE KING, Secretary.

☞ N.B.—In case of fire, parties are requested to give notice to Mr. T. J. Bown, Engineer, No. 286, George-street, Superintendent of the Fire Brigade, in whose premises the engine is kept. 589

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held in the Saloon of the Royal Hotel, George-street, on Monday, the 28th June instant, at seven o'clock in the evening precisely, to take into consideration the desirableness of establishing a Zoological Institution in or near the city of Sydney, for the encouragement of science and the recreation of the public. The attendance of all parties interested in the promotion of the above object is respectfully requested.

W. G. PENNINGTON,
Hon. Secretary.

N.B.—Seats will be reserved for ladies. 14526

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital—Two Millions.

THE undersigned as the duly authorised Agents of this Company, issue policies of insurance from fire at the reduced rates of premium.

11132 SMITH, CROFT, AND CO.

THE BRITISH AUSTRALIAN GOLD MINING COMPANY.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive applications from the owners of auriferous lands in Australia, either in the alluvial soil or in the quartz rock, for the purpose of making arrangements to work the same.

W. FAWCETT
Secretary *pro. tem.*
Company's Office, 481, George-street, Sydney

THE Directors of the Metropolitan and Counties Permanent Investment and Building Society have appointed the undersigned Manager of the Society, in room of Mr. R. A. Fitzgerald, resigned,

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL.
486, George-street. 14528

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

NOTICE is hereby given, that this Bank will be closed on Tuesday and Wednesday next, the 29th and 30th June, for the purpose of balancing the books.

The customers are requested to send in their pass books on or before Monday, 28th instant.

Sydney, June 25. 14463

TO MASONS, BUILDERS, &c.

THE Directors of the Commercial Banking Company of Sydney, are prepared to receive Tenders for the completion of the brick and stone work of their New Banking Premises in George-street. Persons desirous of contracting for the works may see the plans and specifications, at the Office of Mr. HILLY, Architect, 354, Pitt-street.

Tenders to be delivered to the Manager on or before Friday, the 2nd July, addressed to the Directors of the Commercial Bank, and marked "Tenders for Masons' Work."

One or more responsible persons will be required as sureties to join in the contract bond, which will be prepared by the Company's Solicitor, and the Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest, or any tender, unless it may be considered an equitable one.

A. H. HUTCHINSON,
Manager.
Commercial Bank Office,
Sydney, 21st June. 14220

AUSTRALASIAN LEAGUE.

PURSUANT to a Resolution of the New South Wales Council of the Australasian League, a Public Meeting of the Members of the League and the Colonists is hereby convened to be held at Malcom's Royal Australian Circus, York-street, Sydney, on Tuesday, the 29th day of June instant, to receive the President's Report, on his return from the Conference at Van Diemen's Land, to consider the future proceedings of the League touching the continuance of Transportation to these Colonies, and to adopt an Address to Her Majesty upon the resignation of Earl Grey.

The President will take the chair at 7 P.M. precisely,

By Order of the Council,
GILBERT WRIGHT,
Honorary Secretary.

N.B.—Seats will be reserved in the dress circle for ladies, who are respectfully invited to attend.

June 14. 13931

EIGHTHTEENTH ANNIVERSARY

Of the Consecration of His Grace the Archbishop of Sydney.

ON TUESDAY next, the 29th instant, the Festival of the Holy Apostles, Saints Peter and Paul, the Masses will be celebrated in the Cathedral of St. Mary at the times usual on Sundays and Holydays of obligation. At seven o'clock in the evening, the Right Reverend Dr. Bataillon, Vicar Apostolic of Central Oceanica, will give Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, and a Sermon will be preached by the Rev. Dean Coffey, after which a collection will be made in aid of the fund for the enlargement and completion of the Cathedral. 14397

PARTICULAR BAPTISTS living in or near Sydney, who are desirous of church fellowship, are informed that there are a few of the above who wish to enjoy this privilege,—their Lord and Master has enjoined to faith in His name. Persons desirous of further information may procure it by addressing a letter to J. C., *Herald* Office. 14557

CONTINUATION OF THE OPENING SERVICES

Of the New Wesleyan School-House at Bishopsgate, Glebe.

THE Services in connection with the Opening of the New Wesleyan School-house and Place of Worship at Bishopsgate, Glebe, Sydney South Circuit, will be continued THIS DAY, Monday, 28th instant.

A PUBLIC TEA MEETING will be held in the large store, the proceeds of which, together with the collections which will be made at each of the other services, will be applied in payment of the cost of the building. 14576

ALL Letters posted for the Lord Bishop of Sydney must be addressed. "CAMPERDOWN. 13583

National Education Office,
Melbourne, June 8.

APPLICATIONS for the office of Inspector and Agent to the Board of Commissioners of National Education for the Colony of Victoria, will be received at this Office until the 5th July next, at noon. The salary will be at the rate of £500 per annum, with an additional allowance of £1 for each day on which the Inspector may be travelling, over and above the period of six months in the year.

By order of the Committee,
BENJAMIN KANE,
13676 Secretary.

PIANOFORTE AND SINGING.

MR. HENRY MARSH begs to notify to his pupils, that in consequence of having removed from Bligh-street to the North Shore, he will in future attend them at their own residences.

Terms may be obtained at H. Marsh and Co.'s, Music Warehouse, 490½, George-street. 14660

WOLLONGONG.—Mrs. Kinnear has opened a Circulating Library at the Illawarra Repository, next door to Russell's Marine Hotel, in which will be found the latest works received in the colony. Also, a varied assortment of stationery, children's books, school books, and fancy articles, &c. 14114

WOLLONGONG.—Dr. Kinnear's Illawarra Medical Hall, next door to Russell's Marine Hotel. Just received, in addition to a full and complete assortment of drugs, breast pipes, nipple shields, feeding bottles, violet powder, Turkey sponge, trusses, patent enemas, tooth and hair brushes, perfumery, &c., &c. 14113

SOUTHERN GOLD COACH.

PARTIES wishing to proceed to Goulburn and Braidwood are informed that the above-named escort will leave Sydney every Tuesday Morning, at 11 o'clock, taking a limited number of passengers.

Booking Office, Skinner's Hotel, corner of George and Hunter streets. 1300

CIRCUS. CIRCUS. CIRCUS

YORK STREET.

THIS fashionable resort of public amusement continues to attract extensive patronage. Being open every night, the proprietor is careful in the selection of the performances.

JOHN MALCOM,
13870 Proprietor.

MALCOM'S ROYAL AUSTRALIAN CIRCUS, YORK-STREET.

Great Success and applause.

MONDAY EVENING, June 28.

Clown to the Arena, Mr. West.

The immense attraction which nightly throngs the Circus by the double Company and Stud of Twenty-five Horses, together with the combination of talent which cannot be exceeded in the Southern Hemisphere, and must be seen to be appreciated.

The evening's performance will commence with the novelty of the ASCENSION ROPE! by Messrs. Jones and Cardoza. Owing to the inclemency of the weather last week, numbers were prevented witnessing such an interesting ascension from the level of the arena to the extreme height of the building.

The Australian Star Rider, Master Melville, will appear as the PEARL OF AUSTRALIA, spinning his plates while on the horse at full speed, bare-backed.

COMIC ACT, between the Clown and Pantaloon, Messrs. West and Clarke.

NAUTICAL HORNPIPE, by Mr. Jones.

An Intermission.

Second Part.—Signor Cordoza will appear in Act of Equestrianism, entitled BOLD ROB ROY.

A favourite Song, "I'm Ninety-five," by Miss Howard.

Miss Maria Louisa Faucett and the Young Aboriginal, Parallo, will perform a Double Act of Equestrianism.

SLACK ROPE, by Mr. Clark.

And followed by Mr. Jones, the first rider in the colony, in an Act of Equestrianism, entitled the IRISH RAKE.

An Intermission.

THE ACROBATS will appear in a new style, by Mr. Jones and his Pupils.

And conclude with the Comic Act of JERRY IN SEARCH OF A MASTER.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, performance to begin precisely at half-past 7 o'clock.

Dress circle, 3s.; side boxes, 2s.; pit, 1s.; half-price at 9 o'clock to the circle and side boxes.

Carriages will be in attendance at the hotel at half-past 10 o'clock.

Riding School open daily. 14678

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS,

244, STRAND NEAR TEMPLE BAR, LONDON.

TIME should not be lost in taking this remedy for any of the following diseases:—

Ague	Jaundice
Asthma	Liver complaints
Bilious complaints	Lumbago
Blotches on the skin	Piles
Bowel complaints	Rheumatism
Colics	Retention of urine
Constipation of bowels	Sore throats
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's evil
Debility	
Dropsy	Stone and gravel
Dysentery	Secondary symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic doloureux
Female irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Venereal affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Head-aches	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Indigestion	
Inflammation	

These medicines have now established themselves in New South Wales, by means of the numerous wonderful cures which they have effected, when all the "regular" means have failed. The published cases are not as one to a thousand of the total amount of good done. The following is a statement from a most respectable hotel-keeper in Geelong, known to most travellers in that quarter:—

"My recent cure, of an ulcerated leg, by means of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, induces me to present my case before the public, in the hope that many others who are afflicted in the same way that I have been, and who do not believe in the efficacy of Holloway's Medicines, may derive equal benefit from the use of them. I had been afflicted for about three years with an ulcerated leg, and had the best medical treatment in Van Diemen's Land and Melbourne, without experiencing any relief, when a short time ago, hearing of the wonderful cures effected by the use of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, I resolved upon trying them. I purchased a few boxes of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, in Mr. Cregin's shop, in Collins-street, Melbourne; and with gratitude I acknowledge that after using them, and attending to the directions, I found my leg effectually cured. Being well-known in Melbourne and Geelong, I publish this statement, convinced that by doing so I only perform a duty that I owe to the community at large.

"JOHN OLIVE.

"Geelong, June 30, 1850."

Sold in Sydney by the Wholesale Agent for New South Wales and Victoria.

MR. J. K. HEYDON,
78, King-street.

LIST OF SUB-AGENTS.

Albury—Messrs. T. H. Mate and Co., storekeepers
Bathurst—Mr. Josiah Parker, chemist
Broulee—Mr. Fitzwilliams, postmaster
Bungendore—Mr. John Dwyer, storekeeper
Camden—Mr. S. Thompson, steam mill store
Campbelltown—Mr. Fowler, storekeeper
Canterbury—Mr. Samuel Taylor, storekeeper, near Sugar Works
Carcoar—Mr. S. Meyer, storekeeper
Castlereagh—Mr. Gorman, storekeeper
Clarence River—Mr. Alexander Hawthorne, boot and shoemaker, Grafton
Cornish Settlement—Mr. William Rowe, schoolmaster
Dungog—Mr. Allen, storekeeper
Drayton,—Mr. Lord, storekeeper
Goulburn—Mr. S. Emanuel, storekeeper
Gundagai—Messrs. R. Davidson and Co., storekeepers
Hartley—Mr. Finn, storekeeper
Ipswich—Mr. F. Forbes, storekeeper
Lower Condamine and Maranoa Districts—Mr. Joseph King, Myall Creek
Macdonald River—Mr. Allen, storekeeper
Maitland—Mr. W. Patey Peek, grocer
Maneroo—Mr. Solomon, Dr. Reed's Flats
Molong—Messrs. J. and A. Murray, storekeepers
Morpeth—Mr. O'Keefe, near the Steam Wharf
Mudgee—Mr. Archibald Lamont, storekeeper
Muswellbrook—Mrs. Phœbe M'Alpin
Pambula—Mr. Covington, storekeeper
Paterson—Mr. J. Nind, druggist
Parramatta—Mr. Joseph Smith, grocer, Church-street
Penrith—Mr. F. Robertson, storekeeper
Picton—Mr. Hugh O'Neil, baker
Queanbeyan—Messrs. Benjamin and Moses, storekeepers
Singleton—Mr. W. Copland Lesley, druggist
Stroud (Port Stephens)—Mr. John Corbett
Sydney—Mr. Marshfield, tobacconist, Brickfield-hill; Mr. Cleary, shoemaker, King-street; Mr. M. Dalton, grocer, Parramatta street; Mr. Watson, shoemaker, South Head Road; Mr. J. Beer, hairdresser, 578, George-street North.
Tarcutta—Mr. T. H. Mate, postmaster
Turon Diggings—Messrs. Trappit and Co., Bark Stores, Erskine Point.
Umutthee—(Gundagai) Mr. Mate, storekeeper
Warialda—Mr. William Geddes, postmaster
Wellington—Messrs. J. Drew and Co., post-office
Wagga Wagga—Messrs. Robert Davison and Co., storekeepers
Wide Bay—Mr. Palmer, storekeeper
Windsor—Mr. Richard Seymour, saddler

REMOVAL.

MR. FLETCHER, DENTIST,

From Hunter-street, to WYNYARD-TERRACE, New Buildings, OLD BARRACK SQUARE.

TO IMMIGRANTS IN PARTICULAR.

PARTIES wishing to proceed to the mines, and requiring to leave goods behind in safe keeping, may have them well stored and money advanced, by applying at "Holloway's Depot," to

J. K. HEYDON,
11264 78, King-street West

R. STEWART begs to announce that he has on sale at his Bazaar, corner of Pitt and Bathurst streets, a large assortment of CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY FURNITURE, of the best description, at moderate prices; and that he continues, as usual, the UNDERTAKING business.

Having been practically engaged in the management of Funerals upwards of twenty years, and having the largest supply of funeral requisites in the colony, he is fully enabled to arrange Funerals to any extent, on the most reasonable terms.

N.B.—Carriages on hire for parties, and a spring van for removing furniture, with steady men to assist. 9188

REPAIRING WATCHES.

THE undersigned begs to inform his customers and the public in general that he has still in his employ the best English workmen in the colony, and that he continues to clean Watches at the following reduced prices:—

Watches of the vertical construction	2s.	6d.
Ditto, patent lever	3s.	6d.
Ditto, horizontal or Geneva	4s.	6d.

Best English lunette glasses fitted for one shilling.

All Watches cleaned at this establishment are warranted for 12 months, and are properly regulated by the astronomical clock.

D. DAVIS,
475, George-street.

FIRST-CLASS LONDON WATCHES.

BRUSH AND MAC DONNELL have *now on view* a selection of superior watches just received by the Anna Mary, they comprise:—

Gentlemen's gold hunting and open face lever watches.
Ladies' gold lever watches.
Silver hunting lever watches (hitherto so scarce in the market.)
Silver lever open face watches

All of these are of the best London make, and are warranted to give equal satisfaction to any of those hitherto imported.

14326 BRUSH AND MAC DONNELL.

The Old Cheap Oil and Colour Shop, No. 326, Pitt-street, corner of Brougham-place.

MESSRS. BRAY AND WENBAN, Painters, Glaziers, and Paper-hangers, &c., &c., beg most respectfully to inform the trade, and the public in general, that they have laid in a large stock of Oils, consisting of—Linseed (boiled and raw), sperm, black, neatsfoot, and turpentine; white lead (dry and ground), oil colours of all descriptions (dry and mixed). A large assortment of copal, oak, mastic, and paper varnishes, of the best quality; gold size, and black Japan, French polish, &c., &c. Window glass, of all sizes, very cheap, and large glass for pictures. Also, white-wash, painters', scrubbing, stove, and hearth brushes, hair brooms, mops, &c., &c.

A good assortment of French and English Paper-hangings.

N.B.—Painting, glazing, writing, graining, and paper-hanging, executed in a workmanlike manner. 14620

BONDI.

THE Survey and Plan of the Bondi Estate by Mr. Knapp, being completed, dividing it into convenient allotments, parties desirous of purchasing or leasing any portion of the same will be treated with on liberal terms.

This suburban property is within three miles of the city, comprising the old South Head Road from Belle View to the Race Course on the Point Piper Estate; a mile of frontage to a Government Road from Belle View to the Ocean; and a Sea Board of three quarters of a mile which takes in the Bay or Bight of Bondi.

A constant stream, in all seasons, of the purest water, runs along the valley, for half a mile, ending in a fresh water lagoon.

For buildings there is an abundance of freestone, and the land undulating, forms every variety of site for the fancy of the builder; and being one of the old grants, without the usual reservations of later years, includes the Beach of Bondi.

Title.—A grant from the Crown, free of incumbrance.

Terms.—The purchase money may remain on mortgage for a term of years at 6 per cent per annum.

The plan can be seen, and any further particulars obtained at the office of

F. O'BRIEN.
610, George-street. 14638

FOR SALE.—50,000 Hobart Town Shingles, the price eighteen shillings per thousand. Apply to J. B. VILES, Kent-street North. 14448

FOR SALE, an Oscillating-cylinder compound-lever-motion tape Printing Machine, size crown broadside; to print matter 21 inches by 17 inches, at the rate of 700 per hour; with rollers inking and distributing, &c., &c., complete.

14031 SMITH, CROFT, AND CO.

PORPHYRY ROYAL RED WINE, VINTAGE, 1850.

A FEW cases of this superior Australian Wine, from the same grape but choicer than the sample so much approved of at the Royal Table, Windsor, are now on sale at the Stores of the undersigned.

12538 HOW, WALKER, AND CO.

MOULD TALLOW CANDLES.

THE undersigned are prepared to execute orders for the above, in any quantity, on receiving a few days' notice.

J. R. AND A. F. WILSHIRE,
Leather, Soap, and Candle Manufactory.
13857 George-street, Sydney.

No. 1 CROWN SOAP.

A VERY beautiful sample, manufactured expressly for the counter trade, on sale at

WILLIAM B. ALLEN'S,
Soap and Candle Manufactory,
Liverpool-street.

MOULD CANDLES.—100 Boxes of the very best Mould Candles for sale. Apply to SAMUEL D. GORDON. 14388

COALS.—H. R. WHITTELL continues to supply, as heretofore, a first-rate article at a moderate price, and prompt delivery.

N.B.—Ships, steamers, mills, and manufactories, supplied at a minute's notice.

Bathurst-street Coal Depôt. 1000

VAN DIEMEN'S LAND POTATOES.

PRIVATE families and others who have applied for quantities of the Van Diemen's Land Potatoes ex Lillias, are informed that the whole Cargo has been sold to Messrs. John J. Moran, Head's Wharf, between Market and Druitt streets.

14625 JOHN MACNAMARA.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

June 26.—Amalia, schooner, 136 tons, A. W. Funch, from Melbourne 19th instant, in ballast.

June 27.—H. M. S. Bramble, Lieutenant Ward, from Auckland 7th instant.

DEPARTURES.

June 26.—Maitland, ship, 648 tons, Captain W. Henry, for London. Passengers—Rev. Mr. Purvis, Mrs. Purvis, three children and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Turner, Mrs. M'Shehan and child, Mr. Atherston, Master Brown, and servant.

June 26.—H.M.S. Acheron, Lieutenant Fitzroy, on a coasting voyage.

June 26.—Fortune, brig, 222 tons, Captain W. Lee, for South Seas, with whaling stores.

June 26.—Eliza, schooner, 93 tons, Captain Archer, for Newcastle, in ballast.

June 27.—David Carnegie, ship, 354 tons, Captain C. F. Wallander, for Sourabaya.

June 27.—David M'Ivor, ship, 869 tons, Captain R. Bailie, for Guam.

June 27.—San Francisco, ship, 450 tons, Captain Kramer, for London and Hamburg. Passengers.—Mr. and Mrs. Hochone, Mr. and Mrs. D. Silheilner and child, Messrs. W. Merrett, H. Bunbery, Harrison, D. Nicholson.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—David Carnegie, for Sourabaya; David M'Ivor, for Guam; Twins, for Melbourne.

CLEARANCE.

June 26.—Champion, schooner, 52 tons, Captain Woods, for Wellington. Passengers—Mr., Mrs., and Miss Dolman, Mr and Mrs. Levy and two daughters, Mr. J. Wilson.

COASTERS INWARDS.

June 26.—Venus, from Newcastle, with 60 tons coals; Midshipman, from Newcastle, with 900 bushels maize, 36 bushels wheat; Bittern, from Newcastle, with 64 tons coals, 15 tons hay; Margaret, from Newcastle, with 750 bushels maize, 150 bushels wheat; Harriet, from Newcastle, with 114 tons coals; Anne Maria, from the Richmond, with 34,000 feet cedar; Albatross, from Newcastle, with 1460 bushels maize, 200 bushels wheat; Thistle, steamer, from Morpeth, with 29 casks tallow, 36 trusses hay, 132 hides, 138 bushels maize, 5 bags flour, 130 bags bran, 65 bushels wheat, 23 pigs, 2 bales leather, 2 kegs tobacco, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

June 28.—Sylph, for Brisbane Water, with sundries; Venus, Alexander and John, Bittern, and Stranger, for Newcastle, in ballast; Dove, for the Moruya, with sundries; Rose, steamer, for Morpeth, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

June 26.—Dobsons, from Port Albert: 64 bales wool, T. Holt, jun.; 35 bales wool, Campbell and Co.; 17 bales wool, M'Nab, Brothers.

EXPORTS.

June 26.—David Carnegie, for Sourabaya: 1820 bars iron, 6 scars, part of original cargo.

June 26.—David M'Ivor, for Guam: 350 tons coals, part of original cargo from Liverpool.

June 26.—Champion, for Wellington, New Zealand: 2 hogsheads brandy, 5 kegs tobacco, 45 bags 2 casks sugar, 20 half-chests tea, 20 boxes soap, 25 boxes candles, 2 parcels, 2 bales, 3 cases drapery, 3 cases shot, 1 package leather, 50,000 laths, 4 tierces beef, 10 tons salt, 13 cases fruit, 4 boxes tin, 6 packages trees, Morris and Co.; 6 kegs tobacco, 20 boxes candles, 2 chests 3 half-chests tea, 1 truss 2 cases drapery, C. Newton; 2 cases drapery, Ray, Glaister, and Co.; 5 cases, 5 bales drapery, D. Jones and Co.; 2 cases 5 bales drapery, 10 casks salts, T. Elies; 20 chests 20 half-chests tea, 2 packages ironmongery, 1 case ginger, 9 cases drapery, 1 bundle tables, G. Levey; 1 bundle collars, 1 bale leather, 1 case drapery, J. Dolman; 1 bag rice, 1 keg tobacco, 1 cask oatmeal, 1 case boots, 1 bag coffee, J. Hume; 4 bales 3 cases drapery, J. C. Tuting.

EXPORT OF GOLD BY THE MAITLAND.

The following is the list of shippers, and the quantities of gold, transmitted to London by the ship Maitland, Captain Henry, which sailed for London on Saturday:—

	Oz.	dwts.	grs.
Lyall, Scott, and Co.	1541	5	0
Lamb, Parbury, and Co.	1500	0	0
Wilds, Merry and Co.	1406	7	7
G. A. Lloyd	1300	0	0
Donaldson and Co.	1251	14	0
R. Towns	1200	0	0
Young and Co.	952	0	0
Smith, Campbell, and Co. ...	855	9	12
D. Jones and Co.	750	0	0
G. Thorne and Co.	740	0	0
Kemp and Parsons	500	0	0
Thacker and Co.	427	6	0
Crawley and Smith	426	0	0
Montefiore, Graham, and Co. ...	250	0	0
Flavelle, Brothers	234	0	0
Benjamin and Moses	217	18	0
J. Thompson and Co.	186	10	0
J. C. Rachael	160	0	0
T. Perkins	120	7	0
J. Tuldin	120	4	0
M'Nab, Hamilton, and Co. ...	91	0	0
	14,325	0	19

Fourteen thousand three hundred and twenty-five ounces and nineteen grains; the value of which, at £3 5s. per ounce, is £46,556 7s. 6¾d. But freight and insurance have been calculated at £3 10s. per ounce, which estimates the value here, at £50,137 12s. 9¾d.

EXPORT OF GOLD BY THE SAN FRANCISCO.

The following is the list of shippers, and quantities of the gold transmitted to London by the barque San Francisco, Captain Cramar, which sailed yesterday:—

	Ozs.
William Walker and Co	2,111
Augustus Dreutler	1,567
Kirchner and Co.	1,312
Hauge and Prell...	1,302
L. and S. Spyer	954
Campbell and Co.	949
Kemp and Parsons	735
Willis, Merry, and Co.	600
R. A. A. Morehead	428
J. Ferris	241
Ralston, Brothers	220
F. Peres	150
P. Oignam	125
J. Frey	25
	10,719

Ten thousand seven hundred and nineteen ounces, the the value of which at £3 5s. per ounce, is £34,836 15s. Freight and insurance are charged upon the estimated value of £4 10s. per ounce, which fixes the value here at £37,516 10s.

Total of the estimated value of the exports of gold by the two above named ships—25,044 ounces 19 grains, at £3 15s. per ounce, 87,654l. 2s. 9¼d.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the Post Office as follows:—

For London.—By the Pelham, on Friday evening, at 6.

For Singapore.—By the Gibson Craig and General Palmer, this evening, at 6.

For Auckland.—By the Raven, this evening, at 6.

Custom House.—Entered outwards: June 26, Almeda, schooner, 285 tons, Mallier, for Melbourne; Templar, barque, 325 tons, Brown, for Melbourne via Newcastle; Governor, brig, 147 tons, Brooks, for Melbourne; Australia, barque, 306 tons, Wills, for the South Seas.

One of the crew of the Henri arrived in the Thistle steamer, and reports that when the gale struck them the fore yard was carried away, thus reducing the canvas to the mainsail, trysail, and forestaysail, which they continued to claw off with, until swept among the breakers, she parted amidships almost immediately, and is now entirely broken up. Though search was made for the body of their unfortunate shipmate it had not been recovered: the crew made Newcastle, and were the twelve men seen at Lake Macquarie, as reported in Saturday's paper.

~~The Diana, brig, and Jeune Lucie, schooner, returned~~ to port.

There are various reports respecting wrecks being seen on the coast, but as it is probable that many are reported twice in consequence of being seen by different vessels, those only are commented on whose names are actually known.

The Eagle steamer returned to port on Saturday evening, having carried away the starboard engine and rocking shaft, in the morning, when between Bird Island and Red Head, which will prevent her resuming her trips for some days. Four wrecks were seen by the Eagle, one a schooner, with her sails bent, apparently ashore, and another broadside on, to the south of Tarragal Head; the other two were some little distance to the northward of Tarragal: names not known.

The Thistle steamer reports the wrecks of the Elizabeth Jane and Effort, both from Wide Bay, between Lake Macquarie and Tarragal Head: also the Pompey, Pelican, and Frederick Griffiths, as ashore at the same place. The crews of the Elizabeth Jane and Pompey are known to be safe, some having arrived in Sydney.

Another Wreck.—We have received information of the wreck of a schooner rigged vessel, name not known, on Cullawilla Beach, between Botany and Port Hacking. Her cargo consisted of potatoes and butter; on one of the kegs found is a brand B&W, supposed to be Berry and Wollstonecraft. Two bodies, (a male and female,) had been washed on shore, and interred on the beach by the person who found them. Information of the above has been sent by Captain M'Lerie to the coroner for the district of Liverpool. The body of the female was washed ashore in her night dress, and from the appearance of the hands would lead to the supposition that she was a person not used to work. Both the bodies had been partly eaten by native dogs.

The Callow, for Java, is at anchor at the Heads, together with the Diana and Jeune Lucie, returned to port.

H.M.S. Bramble brings no report of vessels seen during during the passage. On the 22nd, when about 300 miles from Sydney, in lat. 33° 0" S. long. 157° 12" E. she encountered a gale from the S.E., which lasted two days, blowing a complete drift the whole time. There had been no fresh arrivals at Auckland since the last report.

Mr. Dalton having proceeded overland to Broken Bay for the purpose of arranging respecting the cargo saved from the Rose of Eden, may probably on his return bring some report about the unfortunate crew and passengers who are still missing.

The brig signalled to the northward last evening had not entered up to going to press: she has apparently lost some of her masts.

The Monarch, barque, hence, arrived in Hobson's Bay on the 5th instant.

The Jeune Lucie, schooner, bound for Hobart Town, left this port on the 18th instant, when off Jervis Bay, during a gale which lasted three days, she split her fore try-sail; on Friday last the weather being very thick and a heavy gale at the time Captain Lepaire tried to make Jervis Bay, but not succeeding he thought it advisable to at once run for Sydney. She has not sustained any other damage.

The Diana, brig, hence for Melbourne, 15th instant, has had the full force of the late gales. When off the Dromedary she sprung a leak and had 18 inches water in the hold, the pumps got choked, and the vessel was on her beam ends three times, carried away the foresail port bulwarks, part of fore rigging, and backstays, besides doing other damage, which caused her to bear up for Sydney, and had she not been a weatherly vessel nothing could have saved her.

Colonial Produce.—The following colonial produce has been received coastwise since our last publication: Wheat, 65 bags, from Morpeth; 265 bushels, from the Hawkesbury; 70 bushels, from Kiama; 442 bushels, from the Richmond; 400 bushels, from Shoalhaven; 850 bushels, from the Manning River: in all, 2067 bushels, 65 bags.—Maize, 90 bags, 100 bushels, from Morpeth; 2236 bushels, from the Hawkesbury; 1068 bushels, 117 bags, from Newcastle; 751 bushels, from Brisbane Water; 1000 bushels, from the Manning River: in all, 6155 bushels, 207 bags.—Barley, 18 bags, from Morpeth; 539 bushels, from the Manning River.—Flour, 340 bags, 23 tons, from Newcastle; 510 bags, from the Manning River.—Bran, 20 bags, from Newcastle; 93 bags, from Morpeth.—Hay, 97 trusses, from Morpeth; 27 trusses, from Merimbula; 21 trusses, from the Manning River: in all, 155 trusses.—Potatoes, 47 tons, from Shoalhaven; 32 bags, from the Manning River; 64 tons, from Circular Head: in all, 111 tons, 32 bags.—Pumpkins, 33 dozen, from Shoalhaven.—Oranges, 2000, 13 boxes, from Brisbane Water; 1400 dozen, from the Hawkesbury; 1 cask, from Port Macquarie.—Pines, 2 cases, from Moreton Bay.—Biscuit, 3 bags, from the Hawkesbury.—Tobacco, 2 kegs, from Newcastle; 1 ton, from the Manning River.—Horses, 11, from Morpeth.—Calves, 7, from Morpeth.—Pigs, 121, from Morpeth.—Bacon, 4 cwt., from the Manning River; 2 sides, from Shoalhaven.—Lambs, 26, from Morpeth.—Wool, 47 bales, from Morpeth; 40 bales, from the Clarence; 27 bales, from Port Macquarie; 42 bales, from Wide Bay; 50 bales, from Moreton Bay: in all, 206 bales.—Tallow, 116 casks, from Morpeth; 2 casks, from Kiama; 45 casks, from Newcastle; 200 casks, from Moreton Bay; 50 casks, from the Richmond; 48 casks, from the Clarence; 29 casks, from Port Macquarie; 50 casks, from Merimbula; 58 casks, from Wide Bay; 40 casks, from Moreton Bay: in all, 638 casks.—Candles, 177 boxes, from Newcastle.—Hides, 402, from Morpeth; 1147, from Newcastle; 980, from Moreton Bay; 578, from the Richmond; 221, from the Manning; 300, from the Clarence; 109, from Port Macquarie; 114, from Wide Bay: in all, 3861.—Sheepskins, 13 bales, from Morpeth; 6 bales, from Newcastle; 170 bales, 95 bundles, from Moreton Bay; 800, loose, from the Richmond; 1100, from the Manning; 38 bundles, from Port Macquarie; 1676, from Wide Bay: in all 189 bales, 133 bundles, and 3576, loose.—Kangaroo skins, 4 bundles, from the Manning.—Butter, 10 kegs, from Kiama; 1 ton and 1 keg, from Shoalhaven.—Cheese, 4 packages, from Morpeth; 13 cwt. and 120 loose, from the Manning; 8, from Shoalhaven; 30, from Port Macquarie: in all, 13 cwt., and 158 loose.—Fowls, 2 coops, from the Hawkesbury.—Eggs, 1000 dozen, from Brisbane Water.—Honey, 3 cases, from Shoalhaven; 2 casks, from Newcastle.—Timber, 17,000 feet, from Brisbane Water; 107,060 feet, from the Richmond: in all, 124,060 feet.—Shingles, 36,100, from Brisbane Water.—Staves, 4700, from Brisbane Water.—Palings, 200, from Brisbane Water.—Coals, 584 tons, from Newcastle.—Spades, 79, from Brisbane Water.—*Shipping Gazette.*

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

June.		Sun rises	Sun sets	High Water morn.	High Water even.
28	MONDAY.	7 7	4 59	3 42	4 20

Full Moon, 1 32 A.M., July 2.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

This Evening, June 28,

Will be produced Howard Payne's tragedy of BRUTUS, or The Fall of Tarquin. Brutus, Mr. Nesbitt; Titus, Mr. Willis; Aruns, Mr. Rogers; Collatinus, Mr. Spencer; Sextus Tarquinius, Mr. Griffiths; Valerius, Mr. Belfield; Tullia, Mrs Gibbs; Tarquinia, Mrs. Guerin; Lucretia, Miss Hart. After which, a New Interlude, called The FAST COACH. Whifflebinks, Mr. Rogers. Phaelix Phastley, Mr. Willis; Jeremiah Boldt, Mr. F. Howson; Laura, Madame Carandini; Mary Miffs, Miss Hart; Mrs. Cubbidge, Mrs. Hart. To conclude with the Farce of FOUNDED ON FACTS; or, No Admittance.

THE Sydney Morning Herald.

MONDAY, JUNE 28, 1852.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

MR. WENTWORTH'S CONTINGENT MOTION.

Nearly the last act of the late Legislative Council was the adoption (by a majority of 18 to 8) of a Declaration and Remonstrance on the subject of colonial grievances, prepared and brought up by a Select Committee, of which Mr. Wentworth was Chairman. The last paragraph of this Declaration was as follows:—

"Solemnly protesting against these wrongs, and declaring and insisting upon these our undoubted rights, we leave the redress of the one and the assertion of the other to the people whom we represent, and the Legislature which shall follow us."

On the 31st October of last year, the new Council, on the motion of Mr. Wentworth, appointed a Select Committee to prepare petitions to Her Majesty and both Houses of Parliament, setting forth all the grievances of the colony, whether the result of imperial legislation or of imperial executive control. In the petitions so prepared, the Declaration and Remonstrance of the former Council was set out at full length, the whole being affirmed, and, with a slight modification in the patronage of the Customs department, the grievances therein described being declared to remain unredressed. On the 5th of December, on the motion of the same honorable and learned member, the petitions were adopted by the Council, the majority in this instance being 21 to 8. As the petitions are in substance precisely the same, we shall speak of them as one.

The grievances declared and remonstrated against are five in number, namely, 1. The Schedules; 2. The Administration of the Waste Lands; 3. The Customs Department; 4. Ministerial Patronage; and, 5. The Royal Veto in matters of local legislation. On these heads the petition first expatiates at some length, and then sums up, in the shape of five distinct propositions, the grounds of complaint with regard to each of them. The propositions are—

1st. "That the Imperial Parliament has not, nor of right ought to have, any power to tax the people of this colony, or to appropriate any of the money levied by authority of the Colonial Legislature; that this power can only be lawfully exercised by the Colonial Legislature; and that the Imperial Parliament has solemnly disclaimed this power by the 18 Geo. III., cap. 12, sec. 1, which Act remains unrepealed.

2nd.—"That the revenue arising from the public lands, derived as it is, mainly, from the value imparted to them by the labour and capital of the people of this colony, is as much their property as the Ordinary Revenue, and ought, therefore, to be subject only to the like control and appropriation.

3rd. "That the Customs and all other departments should be subject to the direct supervision and control of the Colonial Legislature; which should have the appropriation of the gross revenues of the colony, from whatever source arising; and, as a necessary incident to this authority, the regulation of the salaries of all colonial officers.

4th.—"That offices of trust and emolument should be conferred only on the settled inhabitants, the office of Governor alone excepted; that this officer should be appointed and paid by the Crown; and that the whole patronage of the colony shall be vested in him and the Executive Council, unfettered by instructions from the Minister for the Colonies.

5th.—"That plenary powers of legislation should be conferred upon and exercised by the Colonial Legislature for the time being; and that no bills should be reserved for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure, unless they affect the prerogatives of the Crown, or the general interests of the empire."

The petition then represents, that although these grievances had formed the subject of repeated complaints from the former Council, they had all met with neglect or disregard from the Colonial Minister; and that whilst the petitioners are most anxious to strengthen and perpetuate the connexion which still happily subsists with their father land, they feel it their solemn duty to declare that it will be impossible much longer to maintain the authority of a local Executive obliged to refer all measures of importance for the decision of the Colonial Department. Having gone through all their grounds of complaint, the petitioners proceed to offer what may be called terms of pacification. On condition that the entire management of the colonial revenues, Territorial as well as General, including mines of every description, be surrendered to the Colonial Legislature; and that a constitution, similar in its outline to that of Canada, be established in the colony; they engage to assume and provide for the whole cost of internal government, whether civil or military, the salary of the Governor alone excepted, and to grant to Her Majesty an adequate Civil List, on the same terms as in Canada.

Now it is with reference to this petition that Mr. Wentworth has given notice of his intention to move, upon the House being moved into a Committee of Supply, that the consideration of the Estimates be postponed until an answer be received.

Is not this course somewhat premature? Even under the ordinary circumstances of Ministerial correspondence, a reply could scarcely be expected before December next; and long before then, it is to be hoped, the session will have terminated. But when we remember that the petition would reach home at a most critical conjuncture—a total change having just taken place in the Ministry, Parliament in the height of the session, and the attention of the Cabinet absorbed in the affairs of Europe—we may readily suppose that a petition coming from so remote a dependency, and praying for organic changes of so sweeping a nature, would not be hastily disposed of, but, on the contrary, would be reserved for more than ordinary consideration. Had it found Earl Grey in office, it would probably have met as summary a dismissal as official routine would allow; but it can hardly be expected that Sir John Pakington, his lordship's successor, new in office, and fresh from the Quarter Sessions of Worcestershire, would venture to decide upon so grave a document without much previous inquiry and reflection, and many consultations with his colleagues in the Ministry. All things considered, we should not be in the least surprised if the final decision were deferred until after the end of the session; nor if even then it should not be arrived at until after the lapse of weeks or months. At any rate, if the new Colonial Minister were at all disposed to concede the changes asked for, we think it by no means improbable that he would deem it right to refer the petition to the Board of Trade, upon whose Report our existing constitution was professedly based. If so, then the whole question would perhaps be submitted to Parliament during the session of 1853.

We would venture, therefore, to suggest for Mr. Wentworth's consideration, whether it would not be advisable to withdraw his motion for the present, and abide the course of events until the next session of the Council.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—Friday.

Nisi Prius Sittings.

Before Mr. Justice Dickinson and a Jury of four.

M'VITIE v. KETTLE.

This was an action for assault and battery. The declaration was in the ordinary form, setting forth a violent assault. The defendant pleaded not guilty.

Counsel for plaintiff, the Attorney-General and Mr. Fisher; attorneys, Messrs. Johnson, Billyard, and Johnson. Counsel for defendant, Messrs. Foster and Broadhurst; attorneys, Messrs. Thurlow and Grant.

The plaintiff in this case was Henry Wallace M'Vitie, a Doctor of Medicine, nephew of the late Dr. Wallace, and successor, as was stated by his counsel, to most of that gentleman's practice. The defendant was John Icke Kettle, a landholder in this city, and formerly a publican. The assault complained of was committed in a public room of the Victoria Hotel, Pitt-street.

The Attorney-General opened the case by a short but able speech, stating the circumstances of the assault, and urging upon the jury that it was absolutely their duty to discard from their minds whatever rumours they might have heard out of doors with reference to this case, and to deal with it as with any other case of assault. He admitted that another action was pending between these parties, in which the present defendant was the plaintiff, and sought damages for some wrong, or supposed wrong, received from the present plaintiff. This, however, he urged, served only to render this violence now complained of the more inexcusable, for a man having invoked the law to redress his grievances, had no excuse whatever for an appeal to force.

The assault was committed on the evening of the 1st of May. The circumstances were these: On the evening alluded to, the plaintiff went with Lord Frederick Montagu to the Victoria Hotel. They entered the bar parlour from the archway leading to the pit and gallery entrances of the theatre. On entering they found there the defendant and a Mr. Burgess. They passed through, however, and went up stairs, where they ordered some brandy. The waiter had just left the room to obey this order when defendant and Mr. Burgess came into the room. Defendant came up to plaintiff, asked what the latter had been saying about his (defendant's) daughter, and, before plaintiff could reply, struck the latter on the mouth with his clench fist. The blow was repeated, and plaintiff having risen to his feet, managed, without returning it, to lay hold of defendant's hands. But a very short time elapsed before Mr. Torning, the landlord of the hotel, came into the room, having been summoned by the waiter. Mr. Torning got between the parties and separated them. Defendant still struggled to get at the plaintiff, exclaiming, with an imprecation, that he would kill him. Being restrained however by Mr. Torning, he snatched up a Malacca cane belonging to plaintiff, which lay upon the table, and struck at plaintiff with it behind Mr. Torning. Defendant held the cane by the ferule end, and the blow, from the other end—mounted with an ivory hook, fell upon plaintiff's arm. After this Mr. Burgess managed to get the defendant away.

Plaintiff after bathing his lip went to Dr. Bland. It was said that the lower lip had been perforated by a tooth. Dr. Bland, however, described the injury as a very slight one, and one which could not have resulted from a very heavy blow.

It appeared that some time before the assault the defendant, when conversing with Mr. John Rose Holden, at Alderman Egan's store, said that the action for seduction (which was then pending, and of which they were speaking) would not satisfy him; but that he would give plaintiff a severe beating. Being a personal friend of plaintiff, Mr. Holden told him of what defendant had said, so that plaintiff might keep out of his way.

After hearing argument, his Honor, upon the authority of Fraser v. Berkeley, permitted defendant's counsel to inquire as to whether plaintiff had used any slanderous language with reference to defendant's daughter, which had come to the ears of defendant, and which might consequently have goaded him into committing this assault. No evidence of this nature, however, was elicited, but it appeared that at the time of making use of the threatening language spoken of by Mr. Holden, defendant complained with much bitterness of the breach of hospitality and faith on the part of plaintiff, who had seduced his (defendant's) daughter. It was shown, however, that the upper rooms of the Victoria Hotel might have been approached by another entrance; that after entering the room plaintiff might have withdrawn at once upon seeing who was there, without attracting attention, and that in passing up stairs plaintiff passed so near to the defendant, that the latter was compelled to move his legs in order to make way. Also, that criminal proceedings were immediately taken, and defendant committed for this assault to take his trial at the Quarter Sessions, which trial had been postponed.

Mr. Foster called no witnesses, but rested upon that already given as showing three things: that the assault had been committed under circumstances and feelings of great aggravation; that the plaintiff must be assumed to have brought himself into contact with the defendant for the purpose of wantonly exciting the feelings and provoking the assault which he had been warned as being likely to be committed if they met; and the assault was of a very trumpery nature. He admitted that a verdict must be found for the plaintiff, but contended that under the circumstances mere nominal damages only should be awarded.

His Honor told the Jury that it was their duty to consider the amount of damages necessary to compensate the plaintiff, not only for the bodily pain which he had been made to suffer by this assault, but by the indignity of the assault itself. On the other hand, they must consider whether they could reduce this amount by taking into consideration any provocation on the part of the plaintiff. The amount of damages, in fact, was the only matter in question.

The Jury, without leaving the box, found a verdict for the plaintiff; damages one farthing.

Mr. Broadhurst applied to the Court for a certificate to deprive the plaintiff of costs.

His Honor refused to certify; remarking that in cases of assault he should always take this course. His observation had taught him that assaults were of frequent occurrence in this colony, and as they were apt to lead to deeper crimes, he should never seek to render less light the penalty of costs falling upon a person who had indulged in this species of violence.

Court adjourned till Thursday next, when the action for seduction, Kettle v. M'Vitie, will be tried by a special jury of twelve.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

July. — Thursday, 1. — Henry Simpson, a single meeting, at 11.

Tuesday, 6.—William Bestwicke, a single meeting, at 11.

Thursday, 8. George Flemming and James Lovett, certificate meetings, at noon.

Thursday, 15.—Thomas Alford, a certificate meeting, at noon.

Saturday, 17.—James W. Parker, a third meeting, at 11.

Thursday, 22.—Thomas Ayerst, a certificate meeting, at noon.

TRIAL TRIP OF THE CLARENCE.

On Saturday, the new steamer Clarence made a trial trip down the harbour, when a large number of ladies and gentlemen, invited by the Provisional Committee of the Clarence River Steam Packet Company, were present.

Shortly after 11 o'clock the company began to assemble on board the steamer, which lay at her moorings at Keera Wharf, and at a quarter to twelve the order was given to cast loose, when the Clarence majestically steamed away, with her precious freight of youth and beauty, gallantly, and wealth.

Among the company were most of the leading officials and members of the mercantile community. The Clarence left the wharf at about a quarter to twelve, and after rounding Battery Point, stood towards Fort Macquarie, with the intention of taking in the Colonial Secretary, who was expected to come off from the Cove. No sign of the hon. gentlemen being seen, the steamer pursued her course down the harbour, passing Pinchgut island at three minutes after twelve; and after making Gibbes' Point, she veered round, and stood again towards the Battery, with the hope of picking up missing guests. On passing H.M.S. Calliope, the colours with which the steamer was profusely decorated, were dipped; the band of the 11th, which by the kind permission of Colonel Bloomfield was engaged for the day, striking up "Rule Britannia," and a hearty British cheer burst from the hearts and voices of the company and crew, which was immediately answered by the man-of-war, who gracefully dipped her ensign in reply to the steamer's salute.

The missing guests not making their appearance, the Clarence fairly went "a-head," and leaving the stone wall at Battery Point at twenty-eight minutes and a half past twelve, accomplished the distance to Bradley's Head in fifteen minutes and a half. The trial was scarcely a fair one, as the vessel has not yet been placed on the slip, and her bottom is still foul. Nevertheless, every person on board expressed their gratification at her speed and steadiness, scarcely any motion being perceivable, except amidship in the neighbourhood of the engine. Shortly after one o'clock, the Clarence cast anchor off Piper's Point, when a sumptuous collation was served up to the guests of the day, Mr. Thacker occupying the chair. We need scarcely say that the luncheon was of first-rate description, and the sparkling eyes of the fair ladies who graced the "trial" with their presence, gave a zest to the whole affair, which nor the music, nor the wine, nor the bright sky, nor balmy breeze, could have ensured without their gentle presence.

After the various "confectionaries" had been discussed, the worthy President, Mr. Thacker, in a brief but appropriate speech, overflowing with loyalty, proposed the health of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen of England, which was drunk with the greatest enthusiasm, the band striking up "God save the Queen." This toast was followed by "the health of Prince Albert," whom Mr. Thacker characterised not only as an accomplished gentleman, but as a "model husband"—a sentiment which was vociferously cheered both by the gentler and the sterner sex visitors. The band struckup Prince Albert's march, and the toast, in which was of course included "the rest of the Royal Family," was drunk with "all the honours." The next toast was "His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitzroy, the first Governor-General of the Australian Colonies." In introducing this toast, the Chairman dwelt at some length on the virtue of that principle of government which consisted in letting people do as they please, which His Excellency the Governor General, with rare discretion, appeared to practise upon principle, and so long as Sir Charles follows this wholesome and truly British rule of government, there could be no doubt that he would command the affections of the free people over whom His Excellency had been called to preside. The toast was drunk with three times three; the band playing "The old English Gentleman." The Chairman then proposed "the Army and Navy," which was drunk with great applause; and responded to in most appropriate terms by Colonel Bloomfield, and J. Dobie, Esq., M.L.C.; the band playing "British Grenadiers," and "Rule Britannia." Colonel Bloomfield then proposed "the Mercantile interest, and the proprietors of the Clarence, steamer," which was briefly acknowledged by Mr. Thacker, who paid a high compliment to Captain Wiseman, the commander of the Clarence, whose health was proposed by Mr. Justice Therry. Captain Wiseman having returned thanks, the Chairman rose to propose the health of "The ladies." We can scarcely trust ourselves to report the gallant, and at the same time the insinuating remarks of the worthy chairman in proposing the toast; but after alluding in the warmest terms to the manifold virtues of the female sex, he dwelt with some complacency on their value in a commercial point of view, asserting that the ladies of Australia were the greatest consumers of satin, silk, and *buckram*, in the whole of the known world. (Loud cheers and laughter).

The band struck up "Here's a health to all good Lasses," and then a call for Mr. Donaldson arose, which the honorable gentleman vainly attempted to ignore. The call being vociferously repeated, Mr. Donaldson rose, and in a speech which sparkled with poetic allusions and sweet imaginations, returned his heartfelt thanks on behalf of the ladies of Australia for the honor which the Company had done them and *themselves* in drinking the toast. Who and what, said the honorable gentleman, were the ladies of Australia? They were the noble scions of the matrons of England, and had brought into their adopted land all the virtue and all the nobility of character which distinguished the women of that land. (Cheers.) As to his own feelings on the subject, they were such as he dared not divulge. (Cheers.) But he would express his conviction that no man had ever conceived or said a happy thing, or done a good deed, without having in his thoughts some fair being whom he wished to propitiate, some *idolo caro* whom he longed to please. (Loud cheers.) To quote from Old Propertius—

> It is not Calliope who kindles my fancies—
> It is not Apollo who fingers the lyre;
> But my girl, who illumines my brain with her glances,
> And hangs on my lips till she tips them with fire.

The hon. gentleman's speech was throughout received with the loudest applause.

The health of Mr. Donaldson was then drunk, as also that of the Chairman and the Provisional Committee of the Clarence River Company, which were appropriately responded to by both gentlemen.

The table having been cleared away, the band played several favorite quadrilles and polkas, and the fair and gallant company beguiled the sweet hour of evening with the merry and fantastic dance.

At twenty minutes to 5 the Clarence again weighed anchor and stood homewards, after "looking at" North Head, whose frowning appearance however, illumined by the warning rays of the silver moon, forbad an excursion beyond bounds.

The return trip was accomplished (from the light-ship to the wharf) in 30 minutes; thus establishing the speed of the Clarence, in spite of sundry impediments, at something more than 12 knots an hour. We need scarcely add that the guests left the ship highly delighted with their day's *délassement*. The weather was *on ne peut mieux*; in other words, truly Australian.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. J. G. Cohen.—At the Circular Wharf, at half-past 10 o'clock, the Cargo of the David Carnegie, comprising—Red and White Deals, Squared Timber, Stockholm Pitch, Tar, Garden Chairs, Lathes.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd.—At the Commissariat Stores, Lower George-street, at 10 o'clock, Unserviceable Stores (Damaged Biscuits, Pease, Slush, Casks, Bread Bags, Hair Beds, Rope, Blocks, &c.) landed from H.M.'s ships Calliope and Acheron; also, 3 sets Bullock Harness, Unserviceable Blankets, Hammocks, &c., and, on account of the Admiralty, Blue Cloth Jackets and Trousers, Worsted Comforters; at the City Mart, at 12 o'clock, Cottage and Land in Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

Messrs. Purkis and Lambert.—At their Mart, at half-past 10 o'clock, Fine Flour, Spunyarn, Double Set Carriage Harness, Box Wearing Apparel; at 11 o'clock, Raisins, White Lead, Fancy Soaps, Revolvers, Pocket Pistols, Pigeon Gun, Locks of Sorts, Pianofortes, Jewellery, London-made double barrelled Gun, Blankets, Tin Dishes, Calico, Coburgs, Chamois Skins, Moleskin Jackets, Sewing Flax, Patent Hemp, Japanned Gig Furniture, Bridle Bits, Stirrup Irons, Seaming Twine, damaged Nails, Charcoal Tin Plates, and Scotch Twill Shirts; at 12 o'clock, Lady's Gold Watch, Gold Guard Chain, Gold Albert Chain and Key, Gold and Silver Watches, Ladies' Gold Suites, Violins, Bows, Flutes, Flageolets, Cornopeans, Accordeons.

Mr. A. Moore. At the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Horse, Cart, and Harness, two Cooking Apparatus, Shop Front, and Sundry Goods.

Mr. H. D. Cockburn.—At the corner of Pitt and Park streets, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Blankets, Saddles, Clocks, Lamps, Bedding, damaged Canvas and Clothing.

The Sheriff.—On the Premises, Newtown, at 12 o'clock, Household Furniture, Horse, Cart and Harness, Poultry, Pigs, &c.; also, Right and Interest to unexpired Lease of Premises.

Zoological Gardens.—We understand from the projectors of the proposed Institution, that it is their intention to solicit from the Government the grant of a suitable site for the purpose, and to endeavour, moreover, to obtain pecuniary aid, in the form of an annual grant from the Legislative Council out of the General Revenue. It is proposed, at the same time, to make the institution, as far as possible, self-supporting, through annual subscriptions and donations from private sources. In return for the endowment from the public purse, it is to be understood that during certain days in the week the public are to have free access to the proposed institution, the remaining days being reserved for subscribers or members and their families. A public meeting on the subject is announced for this evening at the Royal Hotel.

Mems. about Zoology.—Pending the arrangements just initiated for the foundation of a Zoological Society in Sydney, we yesterday paid a visit to Mr. Wilcox's establishment in Hunter-street, where a small but unique collection of Australian and Indian beasts, birds, and reptiles, are exhibited, and from the inspection of which we derived much gratification. Mr. Wilcox, we may premise, was collector and curator to the late lamented Captain Stanley, during the cruises of H.M.S. Rattlesnake on the coasts of New Holland, New Guinea, the Louisade Archipelago, &c., and he consequently has had ample opportunities of collecting specimens new to zoological science. He also has interesting species of the genera from those regions of India that bask beneath the brightest ray of a tropical sun, and from others than which the most awful depths of the polar world are not more dreary; from the snowy heights of the sublime summits of the Himmaleh, and the dense, dark, and impenetrable jungle of the burning Tarryani and its melancholy shades. Small as is this collection, it reminds us how many elements of sublimity there are in the gloom, silence, and depth of the forest alone; and of the grandeur of the associations, whether the ostrich be pursued on the Pampas; the emu on the boundless plains of Australia; the condor observed among the Andes; the eagle on the shores of the Mississippi; or the tiger, the elephant, or the bear, prowling among the mountain regions, the burning expanses, or dismal swamps of India. Of the natural productions of Australia, Mr. Wilcox has a collection which is calculated both to instruct and amuse students in ornithology. In an aviary (whose dimensions it is much to be wished were of greater extent) we find the true Meliphagous birds which tenant the banksia belts of the sea-coast; the Trichoglossi and Ptiloti from the Eucalypti districts; the regent and satin birds from the towering fig-trees; the Carpophagæ from the palms; and the ground pigeons and parraquets from the grassy plains. And here we find, for the first time in any public collection in this colony, or, we believe in England, a fine specimen of that most interesting family, the Megapodidæ, whose mounds wherein they deposit their eggs were only a very few years ago considered by the Australian bushmen to be tumuli of the aborigines; just as the singular runs or bowers of the Chlamyderæ were thought to be the cradles of their piccaninies; errors which Mr. Gould rectified in his splendid work on the birds of Australia. The specimen in Mr. Wilcox's possession is of the genus Tallegalla, which with the other genera Leipoa and Megapodius, form part of a great family of birds inhabiting Australia, New Guinea, the Celebes, and the Philippine Islands, whose habits and economy are most singular, and differ from those of every other group of birds which now exist upon the surface of our globe. "In their structure," Mr. Gould observes, "they are most nearly allied to the Gallinaceæ, while in some of their actions and in their mode of flight, they much resemble the Rallidæ. The small size of their brain, coupled with the extraordinary means employed for the incubation of their eggs, indicates an extremely low degree of organization. The three species of this family inhabiting Australia, although referable to three distinct genera, have many habits in common, particularly in their mode of nidification—each and all depositing their eggs in mounds of earth and leaves, which, becoming heated either by the fermentation of the vegetable matter, or by the sun's rays, form a kind of natural hatching apparatus, from which the young at length emerge duly feathered, and capable of sustaining life by their own unaided efforts." Sir George Grey, when Governor of South Australia, forwarded to Mr Gould a highly interesting account of the result of his observations of the Leipoa ocellata, which is very plentiful in the sandy districts of the scrub of the river Murray. His Excellency says, "the mounds they construct are from 12 to 13 yards in circumference at the base, and from 2 to 3 feet in height; the general form being that of a dome. The sand and grass is sometimes scraped up for a distance of from 15 to 16 feet from its outer edge." The native name for the bird on the Murray is Marrakho; in Western Australia, Ngow-o, this name being given from the tuft on its head Ngoweer, meaning a tuft of feathers. We must now turn to the Indian specimens which, to many, are the most attractive features of the exhibition; for wonder and admiration are too often centrifugal, whether in Australia or Galilee. Here we find the Guynee, a small cow with a hump, from the cultivated regions of the great central plains of India, and which the Hindoo regards as a sacred object. In the same cage is a Persian sheep, and the incongruous pair eat, drink, and sleep together on the best of terms. In the next cage is a fine specimen of the goat of Cashmere; and last, but certainly not least, a formidable boa constrictor. To this extraordinary tenant of the Indian jungle, the attentions of the visitors seem to be preferentially paid. Young ladies declare it to be a "love of a snake," but are quite angry that it is not folded up in blankets *selon les règles de la menagerie*, but that its luxury of "warm without" is derived from a jar of boiling water. "Why, ladies," observed Mr. Wilcox, "the boa in the Regent's Park swallowed *his* blanket, and when he disgorged it his agony was so great that his life was despaired of." "In that case," said the leader of the lady naturalists, "they ought to have given him a *counterpane*." This was too much for our scientific mood, so we hurried away, acknowledging that the initiators of the embryo Zoological Society were right in asserting that amusement might be blended with instruction; and congratulating ourselves that the face of the science has every prospect, as Haji Baba would say, of being whitened in the presence of the colony.

The Lyric Drama.—It scarcely would be doing justice to the company of the Victoria Theatre, to allow the present season to close without a brief notice of their introduction to a Sydney audience, of Balfe's opera of the Daughter of St. Mark. And first of the work itself. Hard by the *Tre Ritratti* of Georgione in the Manfredi palace at Venice, as companion to Titian's superb portrait of Ariosto, hangs the same master's half-length portrait of Catarina Conaro, Queen of Cyprus. A lovelier remembrance of the patrician *biondina* is not to be found in the Sea-City; nor among the records of Italian women, a fate more pompously romantic than that of its original. That such a history of intrigues, processions, treaties and a kingdom won by marriage, lost by widowhood, and exchanged for a social sovereignty, is not compressible within the compass of a libretto of a three act opera, most persons would declare, but with Mr Alfred Bunn nothing is impossible; and although the five act drama of M. S. Georges, on the same subject, had signally failed in Paris, with M. Halévy's music, at Munich with Herr Lachner's fine score, and at Milan with Donizetti's elegant illustration; Bunn, nothing dauntled, chose the same theme, and Balfe not only had to contend with the improbabilities of incident, but with improprieties of language. The first act opens in the Andréa palace at Venice, where festal preparations are making for the nuptials of Catarina, the supposed neice of Andréa Cornaro, a patrician of Venice, and Adolphe de Courcy, a knight of France, By the machinations of Moncenigo, one of the Council of Ten, the marriage ceremony is interrupted by Andréa, who recalls his promise, and the act drop falls on the despair of the lovers. The only piece of music in this act which demands notice, is the finale, which is perhaps one of Balfe's best specimen of concerted writing; and it is the only grand musical finale in the opera. The second act opens in Catarina's oratory, where she is lamenting her abrupt severence from her lover, who however, she has been privately informed will attempt that evening to gain access to her presence. We now have a distant chorus of gondoliers; and then comes the well-worn scena of anguish, prayer, expectation, and rapture, in imitation of Linda's scena in Der Freischutz. The lover ascends the balcony, but Moncenigo with assassins are at hand; Catarina is compelled to discard him, he retires in rage, she faints and is ordered by the worthy member of council of ten to be taken to the Paphian isle. "*With her to Cyprus hie!*" is the cool order given by Moncenigo, who confidentially hints to the audience, that "*A kingdom and a crown those tears will dry;*" and having seen the lady placed on board a clipper packet, he betakes himself to his own palace, where he indulges in the expression of divers bad principles in a ballad. The scene changes as the last notes of Moncenigo's wicked song die in the distance; and lo! we are far away in sunny Cyprus, where beneath the battlements of the palace of Famagosta, King Lusignan awaits to welcome, as his bride elect, the Daughter of St. Mark, the bereft Catarina. In Paris and London this scene was the grand *point d'appui*; and we must do Mr. Wyatt the justice to say, that all the resources of the Victoria were brought into action to do justice to the tableau. Catarini lands, and is received by the King. In the French drama, Lusignan immediately weds her, according to history; but in Mr. Bunn's version, the Cyprian king merely kisses the daughter of St. Mark's hand, and postpones the nuptial ceremony to act the third. We are then introduced to the gardens of a casino at Nicosia, where, Moncenigo attended by his faithful assassins, are discovered keeping a vigilant eye on Adolphe, who, as well as his treacherous foes have got from Venice to Cyprus by some extraordinary means of rapid locomotion, which we, even in these days of screw steamers and bomareng propellers, cannot understand. After an attempt to murder Adolphe has been foiled by the King himself, to stab whom, by the way, Adolphe had purposely come to Cyprus, Moncenigo denounces the latter as the paramour of the hitherto spotless daughter of St. Mark. She is condemned to die; and then we have an execution scene, in weak imitation of the famous catastrophe of *La Juive*; and the priestesses march in, and the penitents, and the soldiers, and the crowd, and the *danseuses*, and the King in person come to see the head of the Daughter of St. Mark cut off, and an end put to her woes and tears. The herald, after a crying chorus of women, inquires, *ex officio*, if any body has anything to say against the guilty Catarina perishing? when to the surprise of everybody Andréa rushes in, proclaims her to be innocent; and and by way of climax intimates that she is not his niece, but the natural daughter of her inveterate enemy Moncenigo! This appears to give general satisfaction. Catarina immediately declares that

> ——— Nature's laws
> Bring back our feelings to their primal cause,

and falls in her father's arms. He professes penitence. The King sends for Adolphe, and overlooking his avowed intention to assassinate him, joins his hand to that of Catarina, who having recovered from her filial emotion, bursts into a joyous cavatina, assuring the audience that

> Her strength almost overleaps
> The barrier reason keeps;

and the curtain falls, agreeably to the stage directions, amidst the flourishing of trumpets, beating of drums, waving of banners, and a general display of excitement; and we find, according to Mr. Bunn, that there was no queen of Cyprus at all; and the glorious dame of Venice, who was privileged to return to her own proud city, on the Bucentaur, (an honour granted to no woman before or since) shrinks into a homespun Madame de Courcy, of decidedly dubious origin. With such a libretto Balfe had a serious difficulty at starting; and it seems to have weighed him down; for with the exception of the exquisite morceau in the first act, to which we have already alluded, we cannot name one movement which displays the force of idea and amplitude of development demanded by the tragic lyric drama. Of the manner in which the vocal and instrumental corps, one and all, performed their respective parts, it is gratifying to be able to speak in terms of the highest praise. To Mrs. Guerin was confided the character of Catarina; to Madame Sara Flower, that of the amiable Jean de Lusignan (a part, by the way, unworthy of her talents). Frank Howson enacted Andréa; Rogers, Moncenigo; and John Howson, the chivalrous Adolphe. The chorus, which consisted of twenty well trained voices, were admirably led by Mrs. Gibbs and Madame Carandini; and the whole of the score was arranged, and the musical arrangements conducted by Mr. John Gibbs, who displayed his usual good taste and artistical tact in the production of this work. It has only been a matter of regret with the lovers of music that so much painstaking should have been bestowed upon an opera which nearly eight years ago struggled through a very brief existence. The Bohemian Girl and the Enchantress are perhaps the only two of Balfe's compositions which will live for any lengthened period. Where are his Siege of Rochelle; his Maid of Artois; Le Puits d'Amour; Keolanthe; Diadeste; and Catherine Gray, now? Certainly in no announce bills of any European or American theatre. Even the "Light of other Days" has faded, and is now a mere "memory of the past." Yet no British composer ever before had so many brilliant opportunities as Balfe. Witness his Falstaff, which included in its cast at the Italian Opera House, Haymarket; Grisi, Albertazzi (the gifted sister of the Messrs. Howson), Rubini, Tamburini, and Lablache. We must, however, bring this gossiping notice to a close, and our reason for having extended it even so far is, that we are told that very material improvements are contemplated both before and behind the curtain of the Victoria for the ensuing season, and we are desirous that, in so far as the lyric drama is concerned, the greatest care should be taken in selecting the best compositions of the best masters.

Stealing Money.—William Stanley was on Saturday brought before the Police Magistrate by Inspector Holmes, who on the previous day had apprehended him on a warrant for stealing. Prisoner denied both the charge and also that he had any money about him, but on searching him was found the sum of £16 8s. 9d.—28s 9d. in silver, three sovereigns, and twelve £1 notes, with a silk purse and a small chamois bag; on this he said he found the money, the purse, and the bag, in "Sandy's" room; he took him to the office of the Superintendent of Convicts, where by the books he ascertained that prisoner was transported to the colony under the name of Barry. Alexander Henderson deposed that he knew the prisoner, who was in the employ of a baker named Hamilton, and to whom he had given permission to sleep on his (Henderson's) premises, in a room adjoining that in which he himself slept; on Tuesday last, he planted, between a slab and a partition in his room, a purse and a chamois leather bag; the purse produced by Inspector Holmes he could swear to, but would not speak positively to the bag; they contained thirteen or fourteen £1 notes, £3 10s. in gold, and about 30s. in silver money; on Thursday night he slept at Mr. Hamilton's, where prisoner was employed, and gave the key of his house to prisoner, that he might let himself in; on Friday morning he missed the purse, &c., and no one but the prisoner or himself having had access to the place since he planted the money, he made his complaint to a magistrate, and a warrant was granted for prisoner's apprehension; he went with Inspector Holmes to point out the man, but he was not at Hamilton's, and they subsequently found him in a house in Clarence-street; he denied having any money, and after he was searched admitted that he found the purse, bag, and money, in "Sandy's" (meaning prosecutor's) room. Committed for trial at the ensuing Quarter Sessions.

A Man Missing.—It has been reported to the police that on the 9th instant a man named George Taylor, by trade a painter, left his residence at Mr. Coman's, Argyle-street, and has not since returned, and, all inquiries after him having proved fruitless, it is feared that something has befallen him.

Perjury. Hugh Dickson was on Saturday brought before the Police Magistrate, pursuant to remand, charged with wilful and corrupt perjury. On the 8th March last, Edward Smith, Thomas Hart, and John Dunn, were committed by Alderman Egan to take their trial at the Quarter Sessions for a street robbery, on which occasion Hugh Dickson, the then prosecutor, who described himself as a drayman, resident in Sussex-street, deposed to the effect following: That about 11 o'clock on Saturday night, the 6th March, he was near the Female Watch-house in Erskine-street, proceeding homewards, when the three prisoners came up; one of them accosted him; he said he was not acquainted with them; "then you shall be," said one, and he was forthwith violently seized and thrown down; Dunn then searched his pockets, from one of which he took a purse containing 4s. 6d., and from another two penny pieces; the three then ran off in different directions, but he kept his eye on Dunn, who presently secreted himself behind some palings; he did not pursue, but concealed himself and kept watch for about a couple of hours; he saw Smith and Hart go into a lodging-house in Clarence-street, kept by a Mrs. Maher—one emerging from the old Barrack-square, and the other turning into Clarence-street from the corner of Petty's Hotel; shortly after this he saw Dunn come from his hiding-place, and go into the same house; he then followed, and while he listened outside, he heard them talk of the robbery; they said what they got was not worth the trouble; he then went for the police, took them to the house, and gave the three prisoners into custody; he could not be mistaken in the prisoners; they are the same three men who robbed him as described. Bail was asked for and allowed. Dunn had nearly £5 in his possession when searched at the Police Office; Smith, £1 3s. 3d.; and Hart, 1s. 3d. At the trial Dickson would only undertake to swear positively to one of the prisoners, Dunn. The three were found guilty, and sentenced to five years' hard labour on the public works of the colony, and in pursuance of the sentence were forwarded to Cockatoo Island. Representations were made to the Governor-General to induce his Excellency to pardon Smith and Hart, by whom this prosecution was brought against Dickson. Mr. Nichols conducted the prosecution, and Mr. Brenan the defence. Smith deposed that on the night in question he was home at nine o'clock, and sat up with other persons lodging at Mrs. Maher's until 12, when he went to bed, and remained there until between three and four o'clock, when he was awoke by the police, and was given into custody, with Hart and Dunn, for having robbed him; the whole of his evidence, so far as he was concerned, was false; he never saw Dickson until he was awoke up by the police on the Sunday morning; was not with Hart in the street later than half-past 8, when he left him near the theatre; Hart came home shortly before 11 o'clock; did not know what time Dunn came home; at the trial, after Mr. Nichols had addressed the jury on his behalf, he wished to call witnesses, but the Chairman would not allow it. Thomas Hart deposed that he, with Smith and Dunn, was committed and convicted on the evidence of Dickson, the whole of which, as far as he was concerned, was false; never saw Dickson, to his knowledge, until he was given into custody by him. Mrs. Maher deposed that Smith, Hart, and Dunn, on the 6th March, were lodgers in her house; Smith was at home at 9 o'clock, and was in her company until he went to bed at 12; Hart came home about 11, and went to bed at the same time with Smith; she could not tell what time Dunn came home, as she got out of bed to let him in; Dunn was the only man who came in after 11 o'clock that night; Dickson and the police knocked them up between 3 and 4 o'clock on Sunday morning. Two other witnesses gave testimony corroborative of that of Mrs. Maher. Mrs. Maria Hunter, residing in Clarence-street, deposed that about half-past 11 o'clock she was returning from market, when Mrs. Abrahams, a neighbour, called her in; Dickson was there;

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he asked Mr. and Mrs. Abrahams, and witness, to go with him to Solomon's Temple and have a glass of grog; they went, and he treated them; she and Mrs. Abrahams left the prisoner and Mr. Abrahams at the Temple; he did not then complain of having been robbed. This closed the case for the prosecution. Mr. Brenan declined addressing the Bench for the defence. Committed for trial at the Supreme Criminal Court, and allowed bail in £80, with two sureties in £40 each, for his appearance.

CORONER'S INQUESTS. — MANSLAUGHTER.— On Friday last, an inquest was opened before the coroner, at the Three Tuns Tavern, Elizabeth-street, and continued by adjournment yesterday, on view of the body of Nicholas Carr, then lying dead at the Sydney Infirmary. Mr. William Baker, the overseer of the buildings in George-street, in the water of the excavation of which the deceased was drowned, was in custody. The circumstances of the case, as detailed in evidence, are as follow:— The deceased, a boy of about 12 years of age, had been left some time since by his parents (who have gone to the diggings) in charge of some friends in Sydney. On Wednesday night, a son of Mrs. Kerrigan, of Kent street, who had kindly taken charge of deceased and two other of his younger brothers, was sent by her on an errand into George-street, and deceased accompanied him. It was raining very hard, and when the two boys approached the house where young Kerrigan was going, deceased said, that he would stand up for shelter somewhere near, and wait for him. He turned towards the unfinished corner building (in the flooded excavation of which he was afterwards found drowned) and upon Kerrigan's return, he, not seeing him any where about, returned home. Daniel Daly, a private watchman, engaged in George-street, hearing a splash in the water of this excavation about eleven o'clock, and, going to the building, he heard a faint breathing. He at first thought that some animal might have fallen in, but, hearing the splashing continue, he procured a light, and saw that a cap was floating on the water. He gave the alarm to the police, and search was made as soon as possible. Mr. Thomas Moore, of George-street, hearing the alarm, gave his assistance, and having procured a long sapling, he succeeded in a few minutes in getting up the body of deceased. Life, however, was extinct. Both the night constable and Mr. Moore deposed as to the dangerous condition of the building, as regarded the excavation. The former stated, that he had been the means on several occasions of preventing foot-passengers from falling into the excavation. He knew, of his own knowledge, that Sergeant M'Gee, of the Sydney Police, had rescued one man from the same danger; and he also knew that on the very same night that deceased met his death there, another boy had fallen in, but had been extricated. To his, the watchman's, knowledge, the excavation had been open for three weeks past. Mr. Moore stated, that he had seen water in the excavation in question (which was made for a cellar to the house) for the last six or seven weeks. The door had not the slightest protection against one stepping over the threshold and being at once precipitated into the water. There were about seven feet of water in the excavation on the night in question. There were no boards nailed across either the doorway or the windows. The house is a corner one, and the door opens abruptly, so to speak, in the corner. The whole state of the building was most dangerous for foot passengers. The water was up to a few inches of the door-sill. When the body was picked up, it was removed to Mr. Porter's Dispensary, and Dr. Smith was called in, and was immediately in attendance. Dr. James Dempsey Smith stated that he was called in to see the body of deceased on the night in question, but he was dead before he arrived. To satisfy himself, however, he applied the usual remedies but without avail, he, Dr. S. believed from the appearance of the body that death was the result of suffocation from drowning. There were no marks of violence on the body. Mr. John F. Hilly stated that he was the architect of the building in question. There was no contractor. Mr. William Baker, then before the Court, had charge of the building. He is the builder, and has to produce the necessary materials to carry out his, Mr. H.'s, plan. He, Mr. H., was aware of the excavation made for the cellar. It was about eight feet deep. He believed that the building had not been fenced round, or in any way secured. If an order had been made to that effect it would have been Mr. Baker's place to do it, as he had the management of the premises. Mr. Hilly added, that it is not usual to lay down the joists until a building is finished; further, that it was not part of his duty, as architect, to give any orders as to the security of the building, and that it was Baker's duty to carry out his (Mr. H.'s) plans. The Coroner, in his charge to the jury, dwelt at great length upon the culpable carelessness evinced by all parties concerned in this melancholy affair. That the overseer of the building, Mr. Baker, who was then before the court, had by his remissness placed himself in a position of some danger, he (the Coroner) did not entertain a doubt. Sir John Jervis, the present Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, in his able work on the law applicable to the duties of Coroner, had (p. 180-1) lucidly adverted to such cases as the present. His Lordship said, "Acts may be unlawful from the manner in which they are done, *even though there be no express intention to do mischief*;" as in cases cited in 1 E. P. C. 231, 1 H. P. C. 475, 1 Hawk. P. C. c. 29, s. 9, 1 Str. 481. His lordship further observes, "that if death ensue from the performance of a lawful act, the killing will be by misadventure only; but that there are exceptions to this rule; *for if the act be dangerous*, in order to render an unintentional homicide from it excusable, it must appear that the party, whilst doing the act, used such a degree of caution as to make it improbable that any danger or injury should arise from it to others; if not the homicide would be manslaughter, at the least." Having referred to various other authorities, and recapitulated the evidence in respect to the dangerous and unprotected state of the building, which it had been proved was under the superintendence of Mr. Baker, the coroner left it to the jury to decide whether sufficient evidence had been adduced to impute to him the serious offence of manslaughter. The jury retired, and in about half an hour returned into court, and found a verdict of Manslaughter against William Baker, and expressed their desire to add the following rider to their verdict, namely, "The Jury unanimously beg to state that in their opinion great blame is to be attached to the Inspector of Police of that division where the building is in course of erection, as well as to other officials, whose duty it was to report the dangerous state of the premises in question, but failed to do so. They particularly blame Sergeant M'Gee, who, from having saved a man from drowning, was cognizant of the hourly danger incurred by foot passengers." The Coroner issued his warrant for the committal of Mr. Baker to Darlinghurst Gaol, to take his trial for manslaughter at the next ensuing sittings of the Central Criminal Court.—The Coroner afterwards held an inquest at the Ship and Mermaid, Gloucester-street, on view of the body of John Street, then lying dead in Cambridge-street. From the evidence of the wife of the deceased, it appears, that he was about 43 years of age; that he pursued the calling of a water carrier; and that he had for some time past given way to drink, caused, as his wife believed, by his fretting at the death of their child, who was accidentally killed. He died suddenly on Saturday morning. From the evidence adduced, the jury, under the Coroner's direction, returned a verdict of died from intemperate habits.

AUSTRALIAN GOLD AMALGAMATION COMPANY.—Mr. Spence, the manager of the Australian Gold Amalgamation Company, has arrived in Bathurst, with the intention, as we are informed, of instituting a personal investigation into the auriferous resources of these districts, as a preliminary step to the commencement of operations. Nothing definite has transpired respecting the choice of a locality, or indeed as to whether Bathurst will be the favoured place, the probability being that the various gold fields both of New South Wales and Port Phillip will be surveyed previous to any decision being arrived at. We are glad to learn that the operations of the company will not be exclusively devoted to the production of gold, but that copper and other descriptions of mining will be pursued, if spots of good promise can be secured. The known richness of our district in copper ore will no doubt be an attraction of no small magnitude, which, when combined with our undoubted auriferous wealth and the natural advantages of the place, assist most materially to render our mineral lands most desirable fields for enlightened speculation.—*Bathurst Free Press.*

GOLD.—The last escort brought into Melbourne nearly 15,000 ounces of gold.

THE GOLDEN GULLY DIGGINGS.—From several parties just arrived in Bathurst, we learn that the diggers at the Golden Gully are doing better that at any previous period. Many parties are making from 6 oz. to 12 oz. of gold per day from the pipe clay deposit. The late plentiful supply of water from the copious rains, has in some degrees assisted in producing these fortunate results. Encouraged by such prospects of success the miners are making wonderful exertions, and the place is now in a highly prosperous state.—*Bathurst Free Press.*

THE WESTERN ESCORT AND MAILS.—The gold escort is still detained by reason of the impassable state of the rivers, creeks, and roads. By extraordinary exertion, and by swimming the river at Penrith, a portion of the overdue mails from Sofala and Bathurst were brought down on Saturday morning to the General Post Office. The bags contained parcels of gold from Sofala (the Turon), 500 oz.; Bathurst, 47 oz.; total, 547 oz.

WATER POLICE OFFICE.—On Saturday, James Smith, a seaman belonging to the Sir George Seymour, was charged by Captain Naylor with desertion. He pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to be imprisoned for ten weeks in Darlinghurst Gaol. A convict runaway case, of no public interest, and which was disposed of in the usual manner, was the only other business on the police list.

We are requested to call the attention of shippers to Port Phillip, builders, timber dealers, and others, to Mr. J. G. Cohen's sale this day, of the entire cargo of the ship David Carnegie, from Gottenburg, at the Circular Wharf.

Purkis and Lambert request public attention to their sales this day, at the Mart, commencing at half-past 10 o'clock, with fine flour, spunyarn, carriage harness, wearing apparel. At 11 o'clock, damaged nails and tin-plates, damaged Scotch twill shirts, pocket pistols, revolvers, pigeon gun, cottage and other pianofortes, locks, seaming twine, sewing flax, hemp, blankets, calico, tin dishes, jewellery. At 12 o'clock, gold and silver watches, ladies' suites, musical instruments, &c.

Commissariat Sale, and Cottage at Woolloomooloo.—Mr. George A. Lloyd requests us to state that he holds a sale at the Commissariat Stores, this morning, at 10 o'clock; and at the City Mart, at 12 o'clock, he will submit the small Cottage and Land in Bourke-street.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—In my letter of the 23rd instant, in reply to Mr. Macleay, I made allusion to Sir Stamford Raffles; but feeling that the statement made cannot be subjected to proof except by my own evidence, and it is necessary to a full understanding of the question that the whole case should be before the public, I shall be obliged if you will print a copy of a letter to me from Sir Stamford, [the original of which I enclose to you] bearing date 11th May, 1826, upon the subject of my first joining the Zoological Society.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
W. B. CLARKE.

St. Leonard's, June 25, 1852.

23, Lower Grosvenor-street, 11th May, 1826.

Dear Sir,—In acknowledging your letter respecting the establishment of the Zoological Society, I have the pleasure to enclose you a copy of the Printed Prospectus, as well as a short notice of its formation.

In compliance with your —— [the word is torn out] I have caused your name to be inserted in the list of members, and whenever it suits your convenience you can pay your contribution, the terms of which are stated in the printed notice.

I am happy to add that everything seems to go on favourably for the accomplishment of our views, and that I hope we shall soon be able to report progress.

Allow me to take this opportunity of requesting your influence in making the objects of the Society known and promoting its objects among those who may feel an interest in it, and to add that I shall feel happy in adding to our list the names of any other subscribers you may recommend.

I am, dear sir,
Your obedient faithful servant,
T. S. RAFFLES.

Rev. W. B. Clarke.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN, After reading your remarks and the letters published in this morning's *Herald*, on the railway, I do not feel disposed to remain silent, as, notwithstanding your assertion, I firmly believe that the money expended on the works, as at present laid out, is entirely thrown away. Being actuated by the same feeling which at first induced me to ascertain whether it was possible to carry a line of railway from Sydney to Goulburn, and afterwards to undertake a survey of it,—the feeling of an earnest desire to assist in introducing a work of so much public good,—I do not now hesitate to state an opinion, although I will not say I am not influenced by some personal motives (as you assert others are), for after the very insulting way in which the work I performed was spurned, thrown aside, and never to this day even looked at, and the unprincipled manner in which I was treated, I determined to watch the proceedings of the Committee, and expose to the public whatever engineering blunders were made. Last week I made a careful examination of the works on the line, and with confidence express the following opinion. Time will show whether I am correct or not.

I consider that the railway line (at present under contract) being laid out in a continued serpentine course, will be found to be extremely objectionable from its greater length, the difficulty in keeping the rails in order; the increase of friction in the machinery; and additional expense in working, consequent on traversing curves instead of a straight line. Although it is often advisable to introduce curves to avoid a heavy cutting, or other material obstacle, there is nothing in this part of the country to warrant a deviation from a perfectly straight course. It would appear that in laying out the present works, the Company have been guided by a desire (in avoiding cutting) to keep their estimate so low as to come within their very limited means for carrying out such a work, without due consideration of the evils that must arise hereafter in working the line.

The bridges and viaduct at present erected are materially deficient in stability, arising from a general want of trussing, and an ill-judged economy in constructing them for a single line of railway, with the intention of increasing their dimensions to suit a double line hereafter.

They are so narrow as not to be capable of sufficient rigidity, and in many respects exhibit a want of mechanical skill.

The fences, although well fitted, are deficient in construction, the lower mortice and rail being much too near the ground, which diminishes the strength of the base of the post, renders them much more liable to ignite, when bush fires are raging—and makes not so effective a fence, as if the rail was placed higher up the post.

The materials of which the works are constructed are of the best quality, and put together in a workmanlike manner; indeed much praise must be given to the contractor for the manner in which he has entered on and is carrying out a work of so novel a description in this colony, surrounded by so many unforeseen difficulties. It is much to be regretted that his skill and exertions are wasted in constructing works so unscientifically planned.

I not only assert that these errors exist in the works now carried on, but after three years' additional consideration of the subject I am more strongly convinced than ever, that the line and terminus the Committee have adopted in the immediate vicinity of Sydney, do not, by any means, possess the advantages of those I proposed. The former Committee (whose plans I believe the present are carrying out,) asserted that I was so wedded to the line I had recommended, that I could not see the advantages of any other, but there is little worth in the man, who, after giving a subject mature consideration, cannot come to a fixed opinion, and remain firm to it. At all events, it was due to the public that, after their having expended £1000 on the survey made by me, the plans should have been taken into consideration, and not thrown aside, as was so slightingly done. As the line proposed by me passed through Grose Farm, and but little private property, the Committee would, by adopting that line, have saved much of the difficulty and expenses their manager states they have experienced, as they would have obtained a free grant of the land from government, which was promised.

I do not impute blame to any individual; there have been many persons engaged in the engineering department, and I see Mr. Mais complains of what I myself experienced, that an engineer is not allowed to exercise his own judgment; in fact, one of the most influential members of the first Committee stated to me that they would not have a gentleman who would dictate to them, he should be their servant, and must do as they desired him.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient humble servant,
THOMAS WOORE.

P.S. Your report of Mr. Holroyd's speech in Council on the subject, a few days since, implied that I received £1000 for making the survey I executed, whereas, that amount was subscribed for and expended in the expenses attending planning and estimating the cost of 187 miles of railway. My remuneration was to come from the company that might adopt the line, which was doubtless the cause of the said line never having been taken into consideration.

T. W.

Sydney, June 24.

REAL VALUE OF AUSTRALIAN GOLD.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—Mr. G. A. Lloyd, in this day's gold circular, in giving the results of assays in London, has omitted a very material circumstance, he avoids mentioning whether the gold was in its *raw* state. No doubt it had been melted. *The Goldsmith's Company in London never assay gold that has not been previously melted.* But persons purchasing gold in its *raw* state require to know the value of gold in its *raw* state; and although I have always pointed out the difference that subsists between these two conditions of the metal, holders have until lately persisted in having it assayed in the ore, notwithstanding the difficulty of thus obtaining an average result. Now I will venture to say that Wentworth gold loses 8 or 10 per cent. in melting. This gold being of a spongy, or fibrous, character, the interstices are filled with earthy matters, or oxide of iron, in variable quantities, which to that extent lessen its value. The same observations apply to Ophir gold, which Mr. Lloyd's circular reports to be better than Turon: but if the former loses 3 or 4 per cent., and the latter only 1 or 2 per cent., it is doubtful in reality whether Turon is not better than Ophir. The first published returns of gold sales, unless my memory fail me, were announced 97 per cent., or 5¼ better than standard, *no allowance being made for loss in melting*; which if it had been taken into account, would have reduced it to about standard. This is a very simple matter, but, strange to say, the public seem not to comprehend it. Perhaps the following explanation will be understood. Suppose, for example, a parcel of Victoria gold assayed here in its raw state is 98 per cent., or 6¼ better than standard, and reassayed in London, it is first melted and in the process possibly loses one per cent.; so that taking both assays to be correct, the difference will nearly equal one per cent., as will be manifest if it is considered that 100 parts of gold in its raw state is only equal to 99 parts of that which has been melted, and the apparent gain is .99 on the original assay, and 98.99 per cent., or 7¼ better than standard, is the report of the assayer. If Wentworth gold in its raw state is 77 per cent., and in melting loses 9 per cent., 91 parts are equal to 100 in its raw state, and the apparent gain is 7.6 per cent., which makes the gold 84.6, or 7 worse than standard.

I am induced to publish the above, in consequence of some ill-natured inuendoes made by persons who understand nothing of the matter, which might lead people to believe that my assays have been incorrect; to confute their statements I have permission to publish the following document:—

To MR. E. PORTER, Chemist, George-street.

SIR,—We have very great satisfaction in stating, that all the assays of gold dust you have made for us (and they have been numerous, embracing California, Bathurst, Turon, and Ballarat), have proved to be remarkably correct, when tested by the assays in London, and we have made our purchases with great confidence in consequence.

We are, Sir,
Your most obedient servants,
(Signed) THACKER AND CO.

Sydney, 24th June.

I remain, gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
E. PORTER.

Sydney, June 26.

THE PROPOSED ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—I see that you have a letter in to-day's *Herald*, signed "The Reporter," in which he says, that at a meeting held in the Lecture Room of the Botanical Gardens last Thursday (week), for the purpose of initiating steps for the establishment of a Zoological Society in Sydney he reported *nearly verbatim* the observations made by those gentlemen who took part in the discussion which ensued.

I can only say, in answer to this, that subsequently to the meeting, and when I called the attention of "The Reporter" at my chambers to the erroneous manner in which he had reported what I said at the meeting, he admitted to me that so far as what I did say he had not reported the substance of my remarks correctly.

Yours obediently,
ARTHUR T. HOLROYD.

Sydney, June 26.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN, A story half told often conveys a wrong impression. In the long paragraph in Messrs. Beaumont and Weller's communication, charging me with discourtesy, they omit to state that Mr. Beaumont called twice at my office about his application. On the first occasion I told him there had not been any meeting of the Hyde Park Committee. He called again the day after the meeting, when I informed him that the Committee objected to the erection of a menagerie on the Park, and I recommended him to apply to the Committee of the Museum for permission to occupy the waste piece of land in the rear of the Museum. He did not wait to have the reply put in writing.

Yours obediently,
J. C. WHITE,
Hon. Secretary to the Hyde Park Committee.

Sydney, June 26.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—You are fully aware that the poor Government clerks sent in a petition, praying for an increase of pay, which petition was favourably received by the Governor-General, that he would take the earliest opportunity and lay it before the Executive Council, that "His Excellency considers the applicants generally to be well deserving of every consideration on the part of the Government, especially under the circumstances represented by them."

This petition was sent in the early part of April last, since which provisions, fuel, and wearing apparel, have considerably risen, at least 50 per cent.

The greater portion of the Government clerks are men of large families, with small salaries, and suffering under the severe times, some without firing, or the necessary comforts of life to support their children. I would beg to ask if it would not be now a charity for the Executive Government to assist them, and give them an increase of pay this month, to enable them to meet their current expenses, and support their little families and wives.

Pardon me for so intruding upon your valuable paper.

J. J.

RECRUITING FOR THE ARMY.—Orders have been sent off from the Horseguards to the officers in the different recruiting districts throughout the United Kingdom, to re-commence entering young men for the regiments of the line, so as to complete the different regiments to 850 rank and file per battalion. As the recruits are entered they will be forwarded to the depots of those regiments and corps most requiring men. They will not commence recruiting for the cavalry and Royal Artillery until April or May.

LATE ENGLISH NEWS.

IRELAND.

THE *Times* correspondent says—The official announcement of the elevation of Mr. Baron Lefroy to the Chief Justiceship of the Queen's Bench was made known here yesterday evening, and excited considerable surprise in all quarters and among all parties. Fully admitting the eminent services rendered by the late member for the University to the old Tory party, his promotion by Lord Derby to a chiefship, to the prejudice of Mr. R. W. Greene and Mr. Henn, scarcely entered into the calculations of his warmest personal and political friends. With the latter the appointment is, of course, extremely unpopular; but beyond that range it would be dangerous to speculate on the extent of public satisfaction. It is right, however, to state that since his accession to the bench as a puisne judge Baron Lefroy has won the esteem of all classes of his countrymen by his urbanity, unswerving firmness, and rigid impartiality. The selection of Mr. Greene to fill the seat thus vacated in the Court of Exchequer is altogether free from even the shadow of objection, and the profession and his fellow-citizens of every creed will heartily rejoice in his long-deferred but well-merited advancement to a position which he is so eminently qualified to adorn.

The *Freeman's Journal* states, that immediately after the conclusion of the funeral ceremonial of the late Archbishop Murray, a meeting of the diocesan chapter was held, at which the Very Rev. Dean Myler was unanimously appointed Vicar-Capitular; pending the election of a successor to the archiepiscopal chair of Dublin. At the instance and request of the Very Rev. Dean, the Venerable Archdeacon Hamilton and the Very Rev. Dr. Yore were appointed to a continuance of their powers in assisting in the management of diocesan affairs.

William Thompson, Esq., of Belfast, the naturalist of Ireland, died in London on the 17th instant. All his co-labourers in zoology will read this announcement with the profoundest grief. By the British Association for the advancement of Science his loss will be greatly deplored. He had gone to London to arrange with the council of that body for their meeting in Belfast in the summer.

DEPARTURE OF THE EARL OF CLARENDON.—At eight o'clock this morning the Earl and Countess of Clarendon, with the junior members of their family, arrived at Kingstown by the special train, and sailed for Holyhead, on board the war steamer which has been for some days in waiting. At three o'clock yesterday afternoon the noble earl held an undress levee at Dublin Castle, which was very numerously attended by the nobility, gentry, clergy, professional and mercantile classes, who availed themselves of this opportunity of paying their respects to his Excellency previous to his departure from Ireland. Several addresses were presented to his Excellency in the course of the day, including one from the president, vice-presidents, and council of the Chamber of Commerce of Dublin, in which they declared that his Excellency never omitted an opportunity of fostering by his patronage, and promoting by his influence, every undertaking calculated to develope the resources and encourage the struggling energies of this country. In his reply to this address, Lord Clarendon observed:—"On my appointment to the office which I have had the honour to fill for nearly five years, the difficulties which beset the Government were, doubtless, of no ordinary character. It was the will of Providence that Ireland should be afflicted by a calamity unparalleled for its extent and duration, and unparalleled also for the great patience and resignation with which it was borne; but wide-spread ruin, not unnaturally engendered feelings of despair, and the national energies were paralysed and prostrated. It then appeared to me that my official position might be turned to useful account; and although I had not the presumption to think that I occupied the chair of practical wisdom, which according to the happy expression in your address, should be the seat of authority, yet resolved to miss no opportunity of declaring, in the frank language of conviction, that the Government and the Legislature might and ought to alleviate the sufferings of the people, but that the real and only remedy for the misfortunes of Ireland could be found in that spirit of exertion and self-reliance which necessity seldom fails to evoke in manly minds, and the firm determination to overcome and not be conquered by difficulties, however appalling. I had no claim to influence public opinion, but I hoped to turn public attention towards what I believed was for the good of all. The advice which, as a friend, I took the liberty to offer was received in a corresponding spirit, and it is to that rather than to any efforts of mine that we now owe the satisfaction of knowing that the energies of Irishmen have been roused, that the natural resources are now better developed, and that the industrial progress of the country is placed upon a sounder and more permanent basis."

THE MINISTRY.—The subordinates of the Premier have unanimously ignored the question of protection in their addresses soliciting re-election. At present I have seen only three of these productions; but sufficient to indicate a settled intention to get over this little difficulty by saying nothing about it if they can. These are the addresses of Mr. Henley, Lord John Manners, and Sir J. Pakington. You will find that they completely pass over the question of protection, as if there was no such controversy in the country. This is neither honest nor fair. If it is their difficulty, it is not honest towards their agricultural friends to slur it over. They ought rather to confess it at once, and directly indicate their policy. On the subject of Protestantism, however, they are rather more explicit. They say they are opposed to the ascendancy of Rome. No doubt some of them are sincere. But Lord John Manners is a sort of nondescript in this respect, though he talks very loudly of his Protestantism. His feelings on Protestantism are similar to those of Mr. Beresford Hope, the D.C.L., of the *Morning Chronicle*. For a long series of years he has sided with Puseyism or Tractarianism, which is only Anglican Popery. He would repeal the Laws of Mortmain, and leave the people open to the most insidious assaults of the priesthood. In other words, his system of Protestantism is destructive to that which is the essential of Protestantism—the right of private judgment: and, in my opinion, no more flagrant instance of Jesuitry can be found than the No Popery cry now raised by Lord John Manners. I infer from these circumstances that the Government and its individual members are not to be trusted in any respect, certainly not as to free trade, and not less as to Protestantism. The members of the Government, or most of them, in these respects are not consistent with themselves. Truth is based upon consistency. Here that element is wanting, and I could show that, changing persons, the same fatal vice is inherent in the whole. I do not hear of any serious opposition to any of the new ministers. A general election is too near to make it worth while at such a time to incur the turmoil and anxiety of a series of contests. The will, however, is by no means wanting, but it is restrained by considerations of the future. Mr. Villiers' resolution, affirming the intention of the House of Commons to maintain the principle of free trade, will be most certainly brought forward. It will obviously compel the ministry to make up their minds one way or other. I hear that they are in hopes of finding some means, either by persuasion or artifices, of evading the impending dilemma. They say this is not impossible with the agencies at their command. This must be guarded against at the outset, if we wish to avoid years of agitation. Present forbearance is an appeal that should not be listened to for a moment. It is an appeal which, if granted, is pregnant with danger to the future. It is a mere artifice of the enemy to mask his ulterior intentions. This is seen and felt here, and in consequence, the spirited proceedings by which the League is resuscitated are viewed with unanimous approbation.—*Correspondent of the Manchester Examiner.*

COST OF THE ENGINEERS' STRIKE.—The pecuniary sacrifice consequent upon the strike up to the present time appears to have been enormous. Upon the part of the men it is computed that on an average including skilled workmen and labourers, not fewer than 20,000 have been out of work since the shops were first closed, on the 10th of January. Taking the average earnings of these 20,000 men at 25s. per week, the amount lost in wages by them up to the present time amounts to no less a sum than £175,000; to this must be added about £2000 weekly, which it has cost different trade societies to maintain the strike, including the day's pay per week contributed by the skilled engineers remaining at work—but independent of public subscriptions, amounting to a further sum of £14,000; thus making a total of £189,000. In addition, some considerable loss must have resulted to employers from the inactivity of their machinery, &c.; and altogether it is thought that up to the end of the present week from £200,000 to £210,000 would be a fair estimate of the loss entailed upon different parties by the engineers' strike.—*Observer.*

APPEARANCE OF PALACE YARD AT THE RISING OF THE HOUSE.—On Monday, on the rising of the House, Palace yard presented the unusual spectacle of a perfect *salle* of senators. The continuous stream of members, all moving rapidly gesticulating and talking under the influence of sudden excitement, wore a most remarkable aspect, as the ins and outs and opposites all disembogued themselves before the public gaze from Mr. Barry's splendid vestibule. Lord Palmerston was soon recognised by the crowd, which came so increasingly upon him that the noble ex-Minister was compelled to take refuge in a cab at hand. Lord John Russell was eagerly waited for, but is supposed to have passed undistinguished at some less public point of egress. Lady Russell and other ladies were in the gallery devoted to them. By a singular sympathetic action, the House of Lords rose almost at the same time, and by a coincidence which seldom occurs, the public had an almost processional view of all the statesmen of the time, such as seldom falls to the lot of the loiterer around St. Stephen's.

STEAM NAVIGATION.—The General Screw Steam Company held a meeting on the 4th March. The report stated, in reference to the loss of the Australian contract, and the extension of the line to India:—"It will be remembered that in the prospectus placed before the public in the spring of last year, two reasons for increasing the capital were stated—the opening of a line of steam communication between England and Australasia, and the extension of the Cape service to Mauritius and India. After the report of Lord Jocelyn's committee the Government invited tenders for the performance of a postal service alternate months to the Australasian colonies for a period of four years only. The unusual proposal of an alternate monthly service, and for so short a term, will not escape attention. The directors carefully discussed and examined the subject in every point of view bearing on your general interest, and they finally tendered for the service on terms which they considered would afford only a fair return for the capital to be invested. Nothing has since occurred which induces them to doubt the soundness of the conclusions at which they then arrived. The other course of service proposed, namely, the extension of the line to India, has been granted to this company, and the contract is now in preparation. The course of the new service will be outwards, Cape de Verdes, Ascension, the Cape of Good Hope, Mauritius, Point de Galle, Madras, and Calcutta—and homewards, the same line, including St. Helena, the company's vessels being no longer compelled to touch at Sierra Leone. The board propose to commence this extended service on the 15th of May with the Queen of the South, of 1800 tons, an iron ship, divided into fire-proof and water-tight compartments, with admirably fitted cabins, replete with comfort and convenience, and unquestionably one of the finest passenger ships afloat. Three ships of similar size and construction are in a state of forwardness, and others, to complete the line, will be laid down with the least possible delay. The attention of the board has been continued to the subject of the modification of the charter, and they now propose to the proprietors to apply to her Majesty for a new or amended charter, embracing the following alterations, namely, a reduction of the amount of each share from £100 to £20, and an increase of the borrowing power from £150,000 to one-fourth of the paid up capital."

LORD MALMESBURY.—The French papers have indulged in various remarks on the new administration. Lord Malmesbury is complimented by the *Assemblée Nationale* for his conciliatory disposition. With respect to this noble lord, the *Patrie* contains the following remarkable paragraph:—"The nomination of Lord Malmesbury to the important post of Minister of Foreign Affairs is a fact, the importance of which cannot be too much noticed. It is, perhaps, not known in France, that this statesman is a personal friend of the President of the Republic; that he has not ceased for a series of years to keep up with the prince relations based on reciprocal esteem and affection, and that he even visited him several times when a prisoner at Ham. These relations have been long known in England, and consequently a choice made by her Britannic Majesty possesses, under present circumstances, a signification of a very peculiar character. We desire, for our part, to see in this act a proof of the wish of the English Government to consolidate the good relations between the two countries, and we believe that it was impossible to manifest that desire in a manner more agreeable to the Prince President."

A CHANCERY SUIT.—Jarndyce and Jarndyce drones on. This scarecrow of a suit has, in course of time, become so complicated, that no man alive knows what it means. The parties to it understand it least; but it has been observed that no two Chancery lawyers can talk about it for five minutes, without coming to a total disagreement as to all the premises. Innumerable children have been born into the cause; innumerable young people have married into it; innumerable old people have died out of it. Scores of persons have deliriously found themselves made parties in Jarndyce and Jarndyce, without knowing how or why; whole families have inherited legendary hatreds with the suit. The little plaintiff or defendant, who was promised a new rocking-horse when Jarndyce and Jarndyce should be settled, has grown up, possessed himself of a real horse, and trotted away into the other world. Fair wards of court faded into mothers and grandmothers; a long procession of Chancellors has come in and gone out; the legion of bills in the suit have been transformed into mere bills of mortality, there are not three Jarndyces left upon the earth perhaps, since old Tom Jarndyce, in despair, blew his brains out at a coffee-house in Chancery-lane; but Jarndyce and Jarndyce still drags its dreary length before the court, perennially hopeless. Jarndyce and Jarndyce has passed into a joke. This is the only good that has ever come of it. It has been death to many, but it is a joke in the profession. Every Master in Chancery has had a reference out of it. Every Chancellor was "in it," for somebody or other, when he was counsel at the bar. Good things have been said about it by blue-nosed, bulbous-shoed old benchers, in select port wine committee after dinner in hall. Articled clerks have been in the habit of fleshing their legal wit upon it. The last Lord Chancellor handled it neatly, when, correcting Mr. Blowers, the eminent silk gown, who said that such a thing might happen when the sky rained potatoes, he observed, 'Or when we get through Jarndyce and Jarndyce, Mr. Blowers;'—a pleasantry that particularly tickled the maces, bags, and purses. How many people out of the suit, Jarndyce and Jarndyce has stretched forth its unwholesome hand to spoil and corrupt, would be a very wide question. From the Master, upon whose impaling file reams of dusty warrants in Jarndyce and Jarndyce have grimly writhed into many shapes, down to the copying-clerk in the Six Clerks' Office, who has copied his tens of thousands of Chancery-folio-pages under that eternal heading, no man's nature has been made the better by it. In trickery, evasion, procrastination, spoliation, botheration, under false pretences of all sorts, there are influences that can never come to good. The very solicitors' boys, who have kept the wretched suitors at bay, by protesting time out of mind that Mr. Chizzle, Mizzle, or otherwise, was particularly engaged and had appointments until dinner, may have got an extra moral twist and shuffle into themselves out of Jarndyce and Jarndyce. The receiver in the cause has acquired a goodly sum of money by it, but has acquired too a distrust of his own mother, and a contempt for his own kind. Chizzle, Mizzle, and otherwise, have lapsed into a habit of vaguely promising themselves that they will look into that outstanding little matter, and see what can be done for Drizzle—who was not well used—when Jarndyce and Jarndyce shall be got out of the office. Shirking and sharking, in all their many varieties, have been sown broadcast by the ill-fated cause; and even those who have contemplated its history from the outermost circle of such evil, have been insensibly tempted into a loose way of letting bad things alone to take their own bad course, and a loose belief that if the world go wrong, it was, in some off-hand manner, never meant to go right.—*From Bleak House, Dickens' New Work.*

BIRTH.

On the 20th February, at Stockton, California, Mrs. John Etheredge, of Sydney, of a son.

DIED,

At Sydney, on the 23rd instant, aged 35 years, Anna, the wife of Commander J. C. Wickham, R.N., Police Magistrate at Moreton Bay. 14623

OLYMPIC CIRCUS, CASTLEREAGH STREET.

THE above popular place of amusement is open EVERY EVENING, affording the public an opportunity of witnessing feats of Horsemanship and High Training never before equalled in the Colony. The astounding feats of the beautiful pony CREMONA, must be seen to be believed. The performances to-morrow evening will be for the Benefit of MISS and MASTER GRIFFITHS. 14692

PATRICK MOORE.—The above named individual, who arrived in this colony in the ship Hero, in the year 1835, is hereby informed that his wife and family have arrived, and are now anxiously waiting to hear from him. Any communication addressed to his wife, to the care of Mr. WALKER, Blacksmith, Newtown, will reach her.
June 26. 146[illegible]5

NOTICE is hereby by given that a Petition will be presented, and application made, to the Honorable the Legislative Council of the colony of New South Wales, at the present session of the said Council, now holden at Sydney in the said colony, for leave to bring in a Bill to Incorporate a certain Company to be called the Hunter River New Steam Navigaton Company, to enable the said Company to establish Stores, Wharves, and other Buildings at Sydney, Morpeth, and elsewhere in the said colony; and to maintain other necessary establishments; and to run steam vessels between Sydney and Morpeth aforesaid, and other places; and for other purposes in the said Bill particularly set forth.
Dated at Maitland, in the said colony, this sixteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.
CHARLES BOYDELL,
Chairman of Provisional Committee.
R. HENRY WAY, 487, George-street, Sydney, Agent for JOSEPH CHAMBERS, of Maitland, Solicitor for the said Bill. 14106

NOTICE.—Paid a short time since to my man, a five pound note in lieu of a one. Persons who paid their accounts on the day which the said five pound note was paid, by describing the same will have it returned by paying the expenses of advertising.
J. GARRICK,
109, York-street.
Sydney, June 26. 14619

WANTED TO PURCHASE.—Books, linen, clothing, cabin furniture, dressing cases, desks, guns, pistols, and miscellaneous property of every description by
R. M. LINDSAY,
Kent-street, near the Hunter River Wharf.
N.B.—A note addressed, parties attended at their own residences.
☞ Country communications strictly attended to by return of post. 1460

WANTED TO RENT from 50 to 100 acres of pasturage, with Cottage attached. Within a reasonable distance of town. Apply to Mr. T. S. MORT, Auctioneer.

WANTED to Rent, a Store adapted for the Wholesale Wine and Spirit Trade, in George or Pitt streets, or in their immediate vicinity. Address A. C., *Herald* Office. 14630

A TOWN COB.—Wanted, a good Cob, about 14½ hands high, sound and of good age. He must be quiet and tie up, for which a liberal price will be given. Apply at Martyn's Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street. 14500

WANTED to purchase, a quantity of Woollashing, in sound condition. JOHN A. MATHEWS, Queen's-place. A few tons Compressed Hay for sale. 14653

SURGEON Wanted, to proceed to England in a first class vessel. Apply personally, to G. B., Petty's Hotel. Immediate application This Day is necessary. 14675

TUTOR.—Wanted, a Gentleman capable of imparting a sound English education, combined with Latin, French, and the higher branches of arithmetic. Application to be made to Mr. JOHNSTON, at Anandale, or, 319, Castlereagh-street North. References will be required as to qualifications and respectability. 13939

TUITION.—An Assistant is required in the Writing and Mathematical Department of a School for young gentlemen. Applicants will be pleased to address, X—, stating qualifications and references, residence also is desirable, to the care of Mr. Waugh, Stationer and Bookseller, Hunter-street. 14629

WANTED, a Storekeeper; one accustomed to the Auction Business will be preferred. Apply, between 9 and 10 in the morning, to PURKIS AND LAMBERT, George-street. 14578

TO PARENTS.—Six smart intelligent youths will be taken as Apprentices in the packets of the undersigned, trading to the neighbouring colonies.
JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street.
June 28. 1467[illegible]

WANTED, a Whipper-in for a Pack of Fox Hounds. A young man who is a good rider and light weight. Apply at the *Herald* Office. 14626

WANTED, a Milliner, or a Milliner and Dressmaker, for the country, about 40 miles from Sydney. Apply at 274, Pitt-street. 14675

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, 50 good Slop Hands, to whom constant employment and the best of wages given. Apply at WILSON'S Slop Factory, York street, near the Wesleyan Chapel. 14284

COAT, Waistcoat, and Trousers hands wanted. The highest wages with constant employment. ROSSITER AND LAZARUS. 14168

WANTED, two Cabinetmakers, and two French Polishers. Apply at HUNT'S Furniture Rooms, Jamison-street.

The Old Established
SERVANTS' REGISTRY OFFICE,
319, Castlereagh-street North,
PROVIDES Families in Town and Country, with Efficient and Respectable Servants, in every department, Male and Female, Single or Married, a number of whom are now disengaged.
J. FREDERICK JOHNSON.
June 28. 14649

WANTED, a Cook. Apply to GEORGE CHISHOLM and Co., 253, Pitt-street. 14486

WANTED, a Cook and Steward for the Thistle Steamer. Apply on board, between 10 and 11 A.M. 14690

TO WEAVERS.—The highest wages will be given, by the undersigned, to a few good weavers, with families.
J. AND W. BYRNES,
Woollen Factory, Parramatta, May 14. 11446

COOK WANTED.—Wanted, a respectable steady woman, as good plain cook. No one need apply who cannot give unexceptionable references. A good character of more importance than good cooking. Liberal wages will be given to a competent person. Apply to Mrs. THACKER, Liverpool-street. 14420

WANTED, a female Cook. Apply at Mr. BLOXSOME'S Office, 354, Castlereagh-street. 14456

WANTED, a Waiter. Apply at the Australian Club. 35981

TWO Female Servants wanted—one as Housemaid and the other as Cook and Laundress. To competent persons liberal wages given. Apply to Mrs. PRITCHARD, No. 7, Colonnade, Bridge-street. 14[illegible]3

WANTED, a Laundress. Apply to Miss CAMPBELL, George-street North. 14612

WANTED, a General House Servant who can produce testimonials of good character. Application to be made to Dr. VAUGHAN, Post Office, Kent-street North. 14628

WANTED, a Married Couple without incumbrance, to attend on a small family as General House Servants. Respectable references required. Apply to S., *Sydney Morning Herald* Office. 14[illegible]48

WANTED, in a small family, where there are two other servants, a lad about 15 years of age, who has been accustomed to wait at table, and can make himself useful. For address, apply at the *Herald* Office. 14460

WANTED, by a respectable young Man, lately arrived from England, a situation, either as a junior Clerk or an Assistant in a store. The highest testimonials as to honesty and sobriety can be given. Address W. H., care of H. FORREST, Esq., Sofala. 14614

A YOUNG Man of good education, holding a situation in town, is desirous of obtaining some employment in the evenings. Address, D.C.L., *Herald* Office. 14654

WANTED, employment by a young man, either as light porter or indoor servant, references can be given. Apply by letter to S.H., *Herald* Office. 14682

£5 REWARD.—Lost, from Bell's Creek, Braidwood, a light grey Draught Horse, branded JK near shoulder. One bay Horse, black points, short tail, deep marks of fistula, branded MTB on near shoulder, and M off shoulder. Any person bringing these Horses (or giving such information as will lead to their recovery), will receive £2 10s. each, from JAMES KIRWAN, Graziers' Arms, Cooma, Maneroo. 14095

£5 REWARD.—The above sum will be paid to any person who can give such information as will lead to the discovery of the name of the boat which came under the bows of the Barreto Junior, and took ashore a seaman, at half past six, p.m., the 24th June.
14554 JOHN HUGGINS, Master.

STRAYED, from the premises of Mr. John Hurley, Coach and Horses, Cumberland-street, a dark brindled Kangaroo Bitch, answering to the name of Quiz. Whoever has found the same will be rewarded by returning her to the above address; and any one detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted.
June 26. 14691

STRAYED OR STOLEN, about two months since, a bay Filly, age, rising 4 years, height about 14 hands, branded G2 on near shoulder, received an injury on near shoulder over the brand, which is visible. Strayed or was stolen from a paddock on the South Creek, near Windsor. A Reward of one pound will be given if strayed, or £1 if stolen, on conviction and recovery. Application to be made to WILLIAM GREENTREE, care of Mr. JOHN HANNIBUS, publican, M'Grath's Hill, near Windsor.
Windsor, June 23. 14338

STOLEN or Strayed, on the 11th instant, from the Paddock of W. H. Parker, Esq., near Parramatta, one Roan Mare, aged about four years and a half, branded on the near shoulder THO, and WN on off shoulder, and also branded on the near shoulder (I believe) 27. If stolen, Five Pounds on conviction; if strayed, One Pound reward by applying to the undersigned.
THOMAS AITKENS, Parramatta.
Parramatta, June 25. 14621

LOST, on Friday night last, a Bunch of Keys, black ribbon attached, between Paddington and Campbell streets. Any person bringing the same to Mr. C. F. THIRKELL, 356, Pitt-street, will be suitably rewarded. 14622

TO LET, furnished, to single Gentlemen, with board if required, a Sitting Room and Bed Room, situated in Fort-street, near Trinity Church, having a sitting verandah, with a view of the Flagstaff, North Shore, Harbour, and Parramatta River, with back entrance from Prince-street. Enquire at 147, Prince-street North. 14[illegible]1

TO LET, "Forest Lodge," at the Glebe, a handsome and commodious Cottage, consisting of eight rooms, stable, coach-house, and other out-offices; also, a kitchen and flower garden, and paddock attached. Apply to Dr. BENNETT, 115, Elizabeth-street. 14436

COTTAGE TO LET, the Cottage formerly in the occupation of the late W. Todd, Esq., situated on the North Shore. Rent £50. Apply to H. H. BROWNE. 14510

EAST GOSFORD, BRISBANE WATER.
TO BE LET, the Victoria Wharf and Stores; with the Dwelling House, Stabling, Garden, &c.
For Particulars apply on the premises, or to Mr. Rattray, Bathurst-street, Sydney. 14558

NORTHUMBERLAND HOTEL TO LET.
THE undersigned, through the repeated indisposition of himself and wife, as well as recent family bereavements, is reluctantly compelled to relinquish his present occupation reluctant, because the business has never been in a more prosperous state. The furniture to be sold by auction, the future lessee having the option of purchasing such as he may require on easy terms. A premium will be required, which also may be made easy. The present occupant has it in his power to give reasonable accommodation to a principal; and will, to a person capable of keeping up the respectability of the house (as he has still an interest in its prosperity,) interest himself in favour of such person. Applicants shall be made fully and satisfactorily acquainted with the past and present profits of the business. A transfer could be effected on the 1st proximo, or a fortnight later, by consent of the magistrates.
Apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. JEREMIAH LEDSAM, Auctioneer and General Agent, Maitland.
GEORGE YEOMANS.
Maitland, June 22. 1462[illegible]

TO MARKET GARDENERS AND OTHERS.
TO LET, at Botany, a short distance from the Sir Joseph Banks Hotel, a FARM of 56 acres of Land, suitable for Market Gardeners, nearly the whole being a rich swamp land. There is a cottage and out-buildings on it. To a respectable tenant the terms will be moderate. Apply to Messrs. L. AND S. SAMUEL, Pitt-street.
Sydney, June 5. 13964

FIREWOOD! FIREWOOD!! FIREWOOD!!!

WANTED, several Tons, for which the highest price will be given. Terms, cash on delivery. Apply to the Wharfinger, Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street.) 14636

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

THE undersigned is authorised to purchase shares in the above Company. The dividend about to be declared will be allowed for.

GEORGE A. LLOYD.

474, George-street, June 28. 14680

RILEY ESTATE.

THE undersigned is authorised to purchase two or three houses on the Riley Estate. Parties willing to sell may apply to

GEORGE A. LLOYD.

474, George-street, June 28. 14681

MAIZE, OATS, AND BARLEY.

THE undersigned is at all times a purchaser of the above articles at market prices, for cash.

JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street.

June 28. 14670

GOLD.—The highest price will be given for Gold by the undersigned.

J. J. MILLS,
14052 Cottage of Content, Mudgee.

GOLD DUST
Purchased by
13768 SMITH, CROFT, AND CO.,

THE undersigned are purchasers of wool, hides, and tallow.

KIRCHNER AND CO.,
10670 Lower George-street.

THE undersigned are purchasers of Wool and Sheepskins.

PRINCE, BRAY, AND OGG.

George-street, May 17. 11388

NOTICE.—The Counting House of the undersigned is at front portion of the premises occupied by Mr. Mort, in George-street.

PRINCE, BRAY, AND OGG.

Sydney, May 17. 11387

TO SHIPPERS, DRAPERS, AND STOREKEEPERS.

ON SALE, at the Warehouse of the undersigned,
White, scarlet, and fancy blankets
Welch and Saxony flannels
Scarlet and blue serge shirts
Guernsey and Jersey ditto
Lambs' wool and merino vests and pantaloons
Linsey and serge drawers
Lambs' wool and worsted hosiery
Colonial tweed coats, vests, and trousers
Blue pilot coats
Ditto ditto reefing and hip jackets
Doeskin coats and trousers
Black and fancy satin waistcoats
Double and single stitched moleskin trousers
White calicoes
Heavy grey calicoes, 33, 36, and 72 inch
5-4 and 7-8 print
Cotton and linen ticks
Moleskins and cords
Panama and felt hats
Christy' satin velvet nap h ts
And other goods

C. NEWTON, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
8143 257, Pitt-street.

POTATOES! POTATOES!! POTATOES!!!

A CARGO of Circular Head, just arrived, ex schooner Harlequin, and will be delivered in any quantities, at Mr. George Head's Wharf, Sussex-street, by applying to

MORRAN AND JOHNSTON,
4561 On the Wharf.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

FOR SALE, at the stores of the undersigned—
Ports of the highest character, in wood, and 1 and 3 dozen cases
Sherries, common to the first qualities
Gold and pale, in butts, hogsheads, quarter-casks, octaves, and 1 and 3 dozen cases
Champagnes in 1 dozen cases
Bucellas, very choice, in pints
Clarets, first growth, Laffitte and St. Julien, in 1 and 3 dozen cases
Marsala, Ingham's, very fine, in quarter-casks
Whiskey, Campbelltown, in 1 dozen cases, out of bond
Pale brandy, in wood and bottle, in and out of bond

14595 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

TO LICENSED VICTUALLERS, Country Dealers, Port Phillip Buyers, &c.

HENRY FISHER, 480, George-street, has on sale—
Martell's and Hennessy's Brandy, in hogsheads
Ditto, duty paid
Case Geneva, W. J. and E. I, rum
Scotch whisky, English gin
Wines of all sorts
Sugar—bright Mauritius, Java
Ditto China and Manila
Congou and hysonskin tea, in chests, halves, and quarters
Liverpool salt, Java table rice
English ale in hogsheads, oilman's stores, &c., &c.

At 480, George-street,
City Depôt,

HENRY FISHER,
Two doors south of the Bank of New South Wales.

26th June. 14569

TO COMMANDERS OF VESSELS, PRIVATE FAMILIES, &c.

THE undersigned have always on hand, port and sherry wines in bottle of excellent quality and at moderate prices.

MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
Queen's-place.

JUST Received, per Anna Mary, and other late arrivals—for sale at the stores of the undersigned—
Martell's brandy, in hogsheads
Hennessy's pale ditto, in quarter-casks
West India rum, 33 O.P., in hogsheads
Allsop and Sons' No. 3 Burton Ale
Elliott's XXX ale
Trueman's stout, in hogsheads
Boxes tin plates, IX and IC
Invoice of drapery goods, &c., &c.

L. AND S. SAMUEL.

Pitt-street, June 24. 14439

BOYDELL'S TOBACCO.—The above always on sale by

CRAWLEY AND SMITH.

Campbell's Wharf. 3048

SALES BY AUCTION.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, FORMS, DESKS, &c.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN will sell on TUESDAY, 29th June, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, Kent-street, near Druitt-street.

The furniture of a school, consisting of—Desks with drawers, forms, sofas, tables, chairs, chests of drawers, cupboards, card tables, kitchen utensils, and sundries.

Terms, Cash. 14672

MANILA AND HAVANNAH CIGARS
Duty Paid.

MR CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY, 1st July, at 11 o'clock,
60 Boxes cigars, duty paid.

Terms, cash. 14657

FINE CONGOU TEAS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY, 1st July, at 11 o'clock,
Chests fine Congou Teas
Half-chests ditto ditto

Terms at sale. 14658

TO BUYERS OF BOOTS AND SHOES,
Ninety-four Trunks Messrs. Davis and Sons' Boots and Shoes.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Lamb, Parbury, and Co., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,

NINETY-FOUR TRUNKS of the undermentioned Goods, now landing, ex Anna Mary:—
Gents' light calf Wellington boots
Ditto stout ditto Prince's ditto
Ditto ditto Albert ditto, elastic sides
Ditto ditto Cossack ditto
Ditto ditto ditto, nailed
Ditto ditto Oxonian shoes, to lace
Men's stout kip Cossack boots, bradded
Youths' and Boys' stout ditto ditto
Ditto ditto Oxonian shoes
Ladies' black and bronze kid slippers
Ditto best Spanish and patent calf
Ditto ditto Cordovan
Ditto ditto enamelled seal
Ditto ditto Cashmere boots, patent fronts, black soles
Ditto ditto lasting ditto
Girls' ditto Cashmere ditto, 10-13
Ditto ditto ditto, 2-5, 6-9
Children's patent shoes, straps, 2-5, 6-9
Ladies' carpet, Venetian, and Berlin slippers
Men's ditto ditto and buckskin ditto.

Terms at sale. 14466

25 Bales and Cases of first-class SLOPS, Now landing, ex Anna Mary.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Lamb, Parbury, and Co., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, 30th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,

The undermentioned seasonable parcels of really choice goods, the whole of which will be sold without reserve.
Two cases, 50 dozen each, twilled regatta shirts
Two ditto, 50 ditto, fancy ditto
One ditto, 50 dozen, fine white ditto
Two bales ditto best blue serge ditto
One case lambswool vests
One ditto ditto pants
One ditto fancy doeskin trousers
One ditto ditto shooting coats
One ditto men's velveteen ditto
One ditto ditto hip jackets
One ditto ditto milled tweed shooting coats
Four ditto best double stitched mole trousers
One ditto ditto fancy printed ditto
One ditto youths' and boys' ditto ditto
One ditto worsted cord trousers
Two ditto best pilot cloth coats
Two ditto serge drawers

Terms at sale. 14467

COLT'S REVOLVERS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, 30th instant, at eleven o'clock,
One elegant silver mounted Colt's revolver, 9 inch barrels
One " " " 5 ditto
One " " Allen's 6 ditto
One pair pistols, in case, complete
One " pocket ditto "

Terms, cash. 14652

EAST INDIA RUM.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY, 1st July, at 11 o'clock,
95 hogsheads fine E.I. rum, 28 to 30 O.P.
15 puncheons ditto

Terms at sale. 14659

Sugar, Castor Oil, Curry Powder, Cayenne, Chutney, Cloves, and Gunny Bags.
Ex Royal Saxon.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY, 1st July, at 11 o'clock,
1849 bags fine counter sugars, the finest samples in the market, about 250 bags being the large grained crystalized, similar to the lots sold at the last sale of sugars
5 cases curry powder
5 ditto chutney
10 ditto castor oil
50 bags cloves

Terms at sale. 14656

51 PACKAGES NEW DRAPERY, SLOPS, and MANCHESTER PIECE GOODS, now landing.
The whole of which will positively be sold.

MESSRS. WATKINS AND DEAN have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, on TUESDAY next, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Fifty-one packages new and seasonable goods, consisting of—
Fancy regatta shirts
Scotch twill shirts
Scarlet Guernsey ditto
Blue serge ditto
Scarlet serge ditto
Lambswool under shirts
Cotton cord trousers
Moleskin trousers, double stitched
Pilot cloth trousers
Pilot cloth in the piece
Moleskin in the piece
Cotton cord ditto
Blankets, assorted
Braces, cotton
Ditto India rubber
Cotton handkerchiefs
Silk ties
Cobourgs, black and coloured
Orleans, ditto ditto
White calicoes
Brown ditto
Women's black assorted hose
Women's white cotton hose
Ditto black ditto ditto
Men's lambswool hose
Ditto ditto half-hose
Reel cotton, 200 yards
Children's bootikins, assorted
Ditto gaiters, ditto
8-4 and 10-4 Worsted table covers
Children's hoods
Ditto woollen boas
Huckabacks, linen
Ditto union
Dressed holland
Rough brown holland
Canvas
Navy blue caps
Navy blue prints
7-8 and 5-4 Plate prints
Crape collars
Muslin collars
Habit shirts
5-4 Black French twills
Black lustres
Irish linens
Ditto lawns
3-Bushel hemp bags
3-4 and 4-4 Forfars

Terms at sale. 14601

TO DRAPERS, SHIPPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.
Six Cases of California, Damask, Cashmere, Gala, and Thibet SHAWLS.

MESSRS. WATKINS AND DEAN have received positive instructions to clear the above, without the least reserve, by auction, at their Rooms, 427, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock,
One case of California shawls
One ditto damask
Two ditto cashmere
One ditto gala
One ditto Thibet

Terms at sale. 14686

To Grocers, Storekeepers, Shippers, and Others.
Colonial and Negrohead Tobacco, Tea, Sugar, Raisins, Tobacco Pipes, &c., &c., &c.

MESSRS. WATKINS AND DEAN have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, on THURSDAY next, the 1st July, at 11 o'clock,
55 Chests superior congou tea
49 Chests hysonskin ditto
45 Half ditto ditto ditto
22 Tons China sugar
15 Tons fine Java ditto
9 Tons ditto ditto
58 Cases tobacco pipes
11 Kegs colonial tobacco
7 Kegs negrohead ditto
With a variety of sundries.

Terms at sale. 14689

TO MILLERS, CORN DEALERS, &c.
Biscuit, and Gunny Bags.

MESSRS. WATKINS AND DEAN will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 427, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock
1 Bale biscuit bags
10 ditto gunny bags

Terms at sale. 14687

TO DRAPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.
On account of whom it may concern.
Calico and Prints.

MESSRS. WATKINS AND DEAN will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 427, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1 case 5-4 prints
1 bale super calicos
All more or less damaged.

Terms, cash. 14688

Postponed on account of the inclemency of the weather, to THIS DAY, Monday, June 28. Positively will be sold without reserve, wet or dry.

The entire CARGO of the David Carnegie, from Gothenburg, comprising—
Red and White Deals
Squared Timber
Stockholm Pitch
Ditto Tar
Garden Chairs
Lathes

To Shippers to Port Phillip, Builders, Timber Dealers, and Others

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions from the Importers, Messrs. KIRCHNER AND CO., and AUGUSTUS DREUTLER, to sell by auction, at the Circular Wharf, THIS DAY, Monday, June 28th, at half past 10 o'clock precisely.

The cargo of the David Carnegie, comprising—

65	Pieces Squared Timber		
587	Red Wood Deals,		3 x 11
2643	ditto	ditto	3 x 9
17	ditto	ditto	2½ x 9
196	ditto	ditto	2½ x 7
12	ditto	ditto	3 x 9, 3 cut
304	ditto	ditto	3 x 9, 2 "
196	ditto	ditto	3 x 9, 1 "
380	White	ditto	3 x 11
630	ditto	ditto	3 x 9
20	ditto	ditto	2½ x 9
112	ditto	ditto	2½ x 7
5097	Deals		

50 barrels Stockholm Tar, iron hooped
50 ditto ditto Pitch, " "
200 bundles Laths
20 doz. 1-12 Garden Chairs.

Terms at sale. 14566

31 CRATES EARTHENWARE,
Just landed ex Cuthberts.

To Earthenware Dealers, Storekeepers, and Others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on TUESDAY next, June 29th, at 11 o'clock precisely,
31 Crates assorted Earthenware, well adapted for shippers and Storekeepers:—
Six Crates, comprising chamber sets, willow dinner, pie, and cheese plates, dishes, dinner sets, tea pots, covered jugs, egg cups, black tea pots and sugars
Six Crates—Breakfast cups and saucers, plates, egg cups, basins, willow plates, chamber sets, gold edge line mugs, trifle cans
Six Crates Breakfast, teas, white chambers, basins, stool pans, barrel jugs, milk pans, Rockingham tea pots, blue plates, tea pots, sponged basins, bed pans, &c.
Six Crates—Low size Dutch butter pots, spittoons, ship jugs, yellow baking dishes, bowls, glazed and white marbles, toy jugs, pressed tea pots
Six Crates—Stone tall covered butter pots, spittoons, figured flasks, whistling toys, yellow baking dishes, bowls, Rockingham tea pots, jugs, &c.

Terms at sale. 14497

Hinges and Planes
Curry Combs
Norfolk Latches and Rat Traps

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on TUESDAY next, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Hinges and planes
Curry combs
Norfolk latches and rat traps

Terms at sale. 14655

THE undersigned sells, THIS DAY, Monday, at the Commissariat Stores, at 10 o'clock precisely,
New Admiralty Clothing, and a variety of Stores

At the City Mart, 476, George-street, at 12 o'clock,
Cottage and spare Building Ground, situate in Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo. ☞ For the convenience of parties not acquainted with the locality, the auctioneer would name—to go down Woolloomooloo-street (past St. Mary's Cathedral) as far as Bourke-street, whence turning towards the Bay as far as Junction-street, the property will be found at the corner of those streets. The vacant allotments facing Bourke-street, and the house on a rear allotment facing Junction-street.

GEORGE A. LLOYD, Auctioneer.

City Mart, June 28. 14663

Commissariat Office,
Sydney, 25th June, 1852.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD is directed to sell by auction, at the Commissariat Stores, Lower George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, On account of the Accountant-General of Her Majesty's navy.

The undermentioned unserviceable stores, landed from H.M. ship Calliope and steamer Acheron,
Damaged biscuit, pease, slush, casks
Bread bags, hair beds, rope, blocks, &c.

On account of the Commissariat,
Three sets bullock harness (new)
Unserviceable blankets, hammocks, &c., &c., &c.

On account of the Admiralty.
Blue cloth jackets, No. 1 quality, 175 in number
Ditto ditto, No. 2 ditto, 175 in ditto
Blue cloth trousers, No. 1 quality, 175 in number
Ditto ditto, No. 2 ditto, 200 in ditto
Worsted comforters, 500 in ditto

Terms, cash. 14474

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD has received instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist and Alexander to sell by auction, at their Stores, George-street and Charlotte-place, on TUESDAY next, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock,

"On account of whom it may concern."

The undermentioned Goods, ex Achilles, M'Ruvie, master, from London, landed more or less damaged by sea water.

GA § 54-63—10 Bales, each 300, Three-bushel Bags
S
PQ § 64— 1 Bale, 12 pieces 4-4 brown Sheetings
65-66— 2 Ditto, each 8 pieces Sacking
67-68— 2 Ditto, each 506 pounds, Seaming Twine
69, 71, 72, 73, 74— 5 Ditto, each 80 Woolpacks, 10½ lbs.
75, 76, 77— 3 Ditto, each 80 ditto, 10 lbs.
78— 1 Ditto, each 300 Three-bushel Bags (120 sound)
79, 80, 81, 82— 4 Ditto, each 300 Three-bushel Bags.

Terms at sale. 14473

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Ex Salacia,
2 new medium size medicine chests, very completely fitted, and supplied with first-class medicines
1 trunk ladies' patent leather shoes
1 case, 23 dozen, felt rustics
2 ditto ditto, superior

14112

Postponed from Wednesday, on account of the inclement weather.

BOURKE-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

Sale of a desirable little COTTAGE and spare Plot of BUILDING LAND, in a well-chosen site, near the waters of Woolloomooloo Bay.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 12 o'clock,

An Allotment of Ground, situate in Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo, at the corner of Junction-street, having a frontage to the former of 50 feet, by a depth of 77 feet, or thereabouts. This is a well-chosen corner allotment, and a desirable position for the erection of private dwellings.

Also,

In the rear of the above, and facing Junction-street, a neat and substantial Stone-built Cottage, of three rooms, with out-offices, and the valuable desideratum of a never-failing well of water. It is now let to a respectable tenant, who would be glad to remain for a term.

Further particulars can be ascertained upon application at the counting-house of the auctioneer. Terms at sale. 14391

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY next, the 30th instant, at 11 o'clock.

The following articles of personal property just landed ex Salacia, from London—
One splendid musical box, exceedingly large and of powerful tone, playing six new operas
One elegantly mounted double barrel gun, of the very best London manufacture
One pigeon gun
One rifle
One pair Mexican pistols (good and chaste)
One pair horse pistols
One single barrel gun
One very elegant lady's gold watch
One silver Geneva watch
One gold anchor brooch
21 Vols. Classics, 7 Pictorial Histories of England, Gibbon's Rome, American Scenery, Humphrey's Clock, Pickwick, &c., &c.
2 Oil paintings
75 Yards black gros de naples, 15½ yards dove satin, 8 yards vesting, 4½ yards rifle broad-cloth

The above are all good articles, and the property of a gentleman not requiring them. They can be inspected at the Auction Rooms on and after Tuesday. 14607

THIS DAY.

To Bakers, Ship Chandlers, Dealers, and Others.
Fine Flour
Spunyarn
Double Set Carriage Harness

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely, without reserve,
5 Bags fine flour
8 Coils spunyarn
Double set carriage harness
Box wearing apparel, the property of a deceased gentleman

Terms, cash. 14666

MONDAY, 28th JUNE.
Prime Raisins
White Lead
Fancy Soaps
Six barrel Revolver, by Cooper, &c.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (Successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
15 Boxes raisins, in prime order
3 Casks Dunbar's bottled ale
1 Ton white lead
Six-barrel revolver, by Cooper, in case, with implements complete
6 Dozen scrubbing brusher.

Terms, Cash. 14371

MONDAY, June 28.
Superior Pocket Pistols
Revolvers, 6 and 8 barrels
Pigeon Gun.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,

Just landed, ex Roman Emperor,
10 pairs superior pocket pistols, with bullet moulds and keys
Six barrel revolver
Eight ditto ditto
Superior made pigeon gun.

Terms, Cash. 14443

MONDAY, 28th JUNE.
Superior Cottage PIANOFORTE, by John Waite and Co.
Small Square Pianoforte, Elegant Time-piece.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
A superior Cottage Pianoforte, 6¾ octave, by John Waite and Co.
Small Square Pianoforte
Elegant Time-piece, 21 days. 14370

MONDAY, 28th JUNE.

TO IRONMONGERS AND OTHERS.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
An invoice, consisting of—
Fine plate locks, 7, 8, 9 inch
Galvanized ditto, 7, 8, 9 inch
Buxton's patent box locks, 2½, 3, 3½ inch
Till locks, 2½, 3 inch
Davies' patent mortice locks, 5 inch
Ditto ditto ditto, 5 inch ebony face.

Terms, Cash 14366

MONDAY, JUNE 28.
Blankets
Nests Tin Dishes.
Calico, Coburgs.
Chamois Skins.
Moleskin Jackets.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons,) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
23 Pairs superior blankets
18 Pieces calico, 1322 yards
3 Pieces linen
30 Nests tins dishes, 6 each
20 Dozen chamois skins, large size
30 Pieces Coburgs, double width
14 Dozen 14 inch half-round files
20 Moleskin jackets
Nail brushes, tooth brushes, &c.

Terms—Cash. 14579

MONDAY, JUNE 28.
DAMAGED
Nails, 1½, 2, and 3 inch
Charcoal Tin Plates
On account of whom it may concern.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Ex Roman Emperor, Champion, master, from London.
More or less damaged by sea water,
DR
20 Kegs patent nails, 1½ inch
30 Ditto ditto ditto, 2 inch
10 Ditto ditto ditto, 3 inch
MP Co,
65 Boxes charcoal tin plates, very stout.

Terms—Cash. 14581

MONDAY, 28th June.

TO SADDLERS, SHOEMAKERS, AND OTHERS.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT, (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, slightly damaged,
1 bale Ullathorne's 2 ozs. sewing flax
1 bale patent hemp
24 sets japanned gig furniture
Bridle bits, stirrup irons.

Terms, cash. 14580

MONDAY, JUNE 28.
Elegant Jewellery,
London-made Double-barrel Gun, &c., &c., &c.
The property of a Gentleman deceased.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT, (Successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons,) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Double-barrel Gun, made by Ladmore, with all the late improvements in case, with leather case outside
Elegant diamond ring
Ditto ditto brooch
Silver snuff box
Gold-mounted tortoiseshell musical box
Massive silver cigar box
Telescope
Meerschaum pipe, silver mounted
Ivory memorandum book (elegantly carved)
Superior silver watch, by Hornby, Liverpool.

Also,
A case containing—
Gold-mounted necklace, bracelets
Brooch, earrings, tops and drops to match.

Terms, cash. 14484

MONDAY, June 28.
SEAMING TWINE.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Monday, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
One Bale Seaming Twine.

Terms, cash. 14578

THIS DAY.
DAMAGED SCOTCH TWILL SHIRTS.
On account of whom it may concern.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock precisely,
6 Dozen Scotch Twill Shirts

Terms, cash. 14665

MONDAY (THIS DAY) 28TH JUNE.
Elegant Lady's Gold Watch
Gold Guard Chain
Gold Albert Chain and Key.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock precisely,
Elegant Lady's Gold Watch, enamelled back, a little curiosity
Gold Guard
Ditto Albert Chain and Key.

Terms, cash. 14664

WEDNESDAY, 21ST JULY.

Valuable City, Suburban, and Country Properties in Cumberland and Gloucester Streets, Church Hill, Bourke-street, Surrey Hills, at Longbottom, Parramatta Road, and at Port Macquarie.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons,) have been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 451, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, 21st July, at 12 o'clock precisely,

1ST.

COTTAGE AND LAND in Cumberland and Gloucester Streets, near St. Patrick's Church.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement ten and a half perches, situate in the city of Sydney, parish of St. Philip, county of Cumberland; being allotment No. 12 of section 64, commencing at the south-west corner of allotment No. 11, and bounded on the north by allotment No. 11, being a line bearing east two degrees north 25 feet 8 inches, (more or less), then east seven degrees south 35 feet 3 inches (more or less), and then east sixteen degrees south 10 feet 10 inches (more or less), on the west by Cumberland-street, bearing south six degrees west, 45 feet 10 inches (more or less), on the south by allotment No. 14, being a line bearing east 62 feet 8 inches (more or less), and on the west by Gloucester-street, bearing north 19 degrees 80 minutes east, 41 feet 6 inches (more or less), being the land granted on the 20th day of May, 1840, together with

THE COTTAGE ERECTED THEREON,
now letting at 4s. per week.

⁂ This allotment adjoins Mr. Davis's property near St. Patrick's Church, and is a most valuable building site in an improving neighbourhood.

2ND.

EIGHT ALLOTMENTS in Bourke-street, Surrey Hills, opposite Baptist's Garden, and between Pawley's Land and the Waterloo Estate.

No. 1. 12¾ perches of land, having 26 feet 4 inches (more or less) frontage to Bourke-street, by a depth of 132 feet (more or less.)

No. 3. 12¾ perches of land, having 26 feet 4 inches (more or less) frontage to Bourke-street, by a depth of 132 feet, more or less.

No. 9 and 27. 31¼ perches of land, having 38 feet 3 inches (more or less) frontage to Bourke-street, by a depth of 264 feet more or less, and having also 25 feet (more or less) frontage to Belvoir Terrace.

No. 12, 16, 23, and 26, having each 25 feet (more or less) frontage to Belvoir Terrace, by a depth of 264 feet (more or less), and having also each 12 feet (more or less) frontage to Bourke-street.

☞ The above Allotments offer capital Building Sites in a beautiful situation. The whole block of which they form part is fenced in, so that only the side lines of the above eight lots require fencing.

3RD.

ONE ROOD SEVEN PERCHES OF LAND, in Gipps-street, in the Village of Longbottom.

All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being, in the village of Longbottom, in the parish of Concord, and county of Cumberland, in the colony of New South Wales, bounded on the north by Gipps-street, 1 chain 2½ links; on the east by allotment No. 21, 2 chains 82 links; on the south by allotment No. 3, 1 chain; and on the west by allotment No. 19, 3 chains 6 links to Gipps-street; being the allotment sold as lot 62, in pursuance of the proclamation of the 22nd February, 1847; together with

THE COTTAGE THEREON,
now let at 2s. per week.

The above land is fenced in with a three rail fence.

4TH.

853 ACRES, county of Macquarie, at Lake Innes.

All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 853 acres (more or less), situated in the county of Macquarie, at Lake Innes, and bounded on the north by the south boundary of a measured portion of 640 acres, being a line bearing east 80 chains, on the east by a line bearing south 155 chains to Cowarra Creek, on the south by Cowarra Creek, and on the west by a line bearing north 87 chains 50 links—being the land granted by purchase to Thomas Gore, by grant, dated 21st March, 1839.—Free of Quit Rent.

The above land is about 8 miles distant from the town of Port Macquarie.

5TH.

40 Acres, County of Macquarie, on the River Hastings.

All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 640 acres (more or less) situated in the County of Macquarie on the River Hastings, and bounded on the west by part of the eastern boundary of the said Archibald Clunes Innes' 640 acres purchase, bearing north 36 chains (commencing at the River Hastings), on the north by a line bearing east 80 chains to the west boundary line of John Terry Hughes' 1074 acres purchase, on the east boundary line bearing south 103 chains to the River Hastings, and on the south by that river upwards to the point of commencement, being the land granted to Archibald Clunes Innes by grant dated 26th March, 1840.

☞ The above farms are choice selections of land in the County of Macquarie, with water frontages, (as above described,) near Port Macquarie.

THE TITLE to the whole of the above properties is unexceptionable.

Terms:—

Twenty-five per cent cash deposit. The residue by approved bills at three and six months, dated from day of sale. 14485

THIS DAY.
Violins
Bows
Flutes
Flageolets
Cornopeans
Accordeons

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (Successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock precisely,
Case containing—
Violins and bows
Flageolets, flutes,
Accordeons
Cornopeans

Terms, Cash. 14667

THIS DAY.
TO JEWELLERS AND OTHERS.
Elegant Gold and Silver Watches
Ladies' Gold Suites.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock precisely,
A few good Gold and Silver Watches
Three Ladies' Gold Suites.

Terms, cash. 14668

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Blankets, Saddles, Clocks, Lamps, Bedding, damaged Canvas and Clothing.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the corner of Pitt and Park Streets,
Chests of drawers, loo tables, dining ditto, cane bottom chairs, handsome damask covered couch, horse-hair sofa, common sofas, washhandstands, palliases, iron bedstead, flax mattresses, pictures, handsome sideboards, two book cases, American clocks, English saddles, brass candlesticks, dressing tables, 18 Tweed waistcoats, lamps, tubs, boxes, crockery, glass, fender and fire irons, books, &c.

Also,
Four pair of pistols, one gun, and one rifle, and 12 pieces of damaged canvas, two mangles, New Zealand weapons, water casks, &c.

Terms, cash. 14674

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BRANDY, Rum, Gin, Whiskey, Wine, Ale, and Porter, the property of a publican proceeding to England.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN has received instructions, from Mr. Webb, of the Dungate Inn, corner of Liverpool and Castlereagh streets, to sell by public auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, June 30, at half-past 10 o'clock,

The whole of his superior furniture and stock, consisting of a piano, by Broadwood; horsehair sofas, horsehair chairs, cane chairs, dining tables, oil cloth, pier glasses, chests of drawers, washing stands, clocks, pictures, bedsteads, bedding, crockery, glass, kitchen utensils, and sundries.

Also,
100 dozen sherry and port, 100 gallons of rum, 20 cases of gin, 50 gallons of brandy, 10 gallons of whiskey, English ale and porter, cordials, &c., &c., &c.

Terms, Cash. 14673

Rosewood Cottage Pianoforte
Mahogany ditto ditto
Ditto Square ditto

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, TUESDAY, June 29, at eleven o'clock,
A superior-toned rosewood cottage pianoforte
Ditto mahogany ditto ditto
One second-hand square ditto

Terms at sale. 14683

SUPERIOR GOLD LEAF, OIL PAINTINGS, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
One case superior quality gold leaf
Thirty oil paintings, various subjects, in handsome gilt frames
One handsome large size chimney glass

Terms at sale. 14684

MAGIC LANTERNS, MICROSCOPES, Telescopes, Marine Barometers, Magnetic Coils, Pocket Compasses, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on TUESDAY, June 29, at 11 o'clock,
Magic lanterns, assorted sizes
Compound microscopes, in cases complete
Superior one draw telescopes, covered in leather
Marine and pediment barometers
Magnetic coils, Snee's battery, &c.
Pocket compasses, various
Mathematical instruments, in cases
Boxwood and japanned thermometers
1 4-inch compound joint universal sun-dial, in case

Terms at sale. 14685

Two Weeks' Collection of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and MISCELLANEOUS SALE, at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street.

MR. ALEXANDER MOORE, for W. G. Moore, at 11 o'clock, THIS MORNING, will sell
A large collection of Household Furniture.

Also,
A horse, cart, and harness
Two cooking apparatuses
Shop front
With sundry goods.

Terms, cash. 14679

MR. MORT will sell by auction, at the Rooms, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, June 30, at 11 o'clock.
6-3 octave Pianoforte
An antique Secretaire

The Piano has only been a few years in the colony, and been very little used, therefore it is very well seasoned. 14632

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

By order of the Official Assignee in the Insolvent Estate of Mr. J. R. Torr.

MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th June, at 11 o'clock,
Household Furniture, consisting of
Bedsteads, mattresses
Toilet tables, ditto glasses
Washstands, services complete
Fenders and fire irons
Sideboards, tables
Chairs, hearthrugs
China, crockery, kitchen utensils, &c.

Also,
Watch

Terms, cash. 14471

IMPORTANT AND POSITIVE SALE OF CITY AND OTHER PROPERTIES,

BY

MR. MORT, at his New Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, July 2, at 11 o'clock, precisely,
RIVER VIEW VILLA, Parramatta River
COOK'S VALE STATION and 4400 Sheep
COTTAGE and LAND in Prince-street
ROSE COTTAGE, Flag-staff-hill
SIX HOUSES in Elizabeth-street
THREE HOUSES in Castlereagh-street
FORTUNE OF WAR Public-house, in Pitt-street.

Terms at sale. 14319

IMPORTANT SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

From the celebrated manufacturers, Messrs. H. Jackson and Sons.

MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on an early day.

Ten Trunks of Boots and Shoes, just arrived per Anna Mary, comprising a general assortment of the undermentioned
Lasting boots, patent vamps
Black cloth boots
Spanish slippers, trimmed
Enamel seal slippers, ditto
Enamel calf ditto ditto
Children's Spanish, ankle straps, trimmed
Ditto enamel seal, ditto
Ditto Cordovan, ditto
Ditto coloured Morocco, ditto

So soon as there is a probability of the goods being landed, the day of sale will be fixed.

Terms at sale. 14574

THAT EXTENSIVE WATERSIDE PROPERTY, known as BUCHANAN'S WHARF, situate in Darling Harbour, and familiar to every one by its old title of Aspinall and Browne's Wharf. By order of the Mortgagees, and positively without reserve.

MR. MORT has instructions to sell by public auction, at his New Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, July 12, at 11 o'clock,

All that splendid area of land, having a frontage to Darling Harbour of about 280 feet by a depth of 220 feet to Windmill-street, to which it has a like frontage as to the harbour. Upon this extensive block of land is erected

A MOST COMMODIOUS STORE,

which contains oil store 80 x 25, dry goods store 71 x 24, lumber room 24 x 12; offices, comprising one room 24 x 20, and one room 11 x 11, and above the first floor, extending the full length of the building is a loft used for packing, sorting, and drying wool, fitted with lever and screw presses,

A HYDRAULIC PRESS,

Of the very best construction, bins, and all other conveniences for carrying on a large trade.

ON THE TIMBER WHARF

Is a lofty and most capacious building 100 feet in length by 31 feet wide, also

WHARFINGER'S HOUSE

Substantially built, with upper and lower stories separate. The Wharf is also complete in Wharfinger's Offices, large crane, and most excellent tackle, and perfect convenience for

HEAVING DOWN VESSELS

of any tonnage.

☞ This magnificent and most valuable property might be advantageously offered in two lots, as there is ample space and accommodation for

TWO EXTENSIVE WHARFS.

Its capability for the discharging of vessels are equal to

FOUR LARGE SHIPS,

And as the communication with George-street by Argyle-street will now be shortly completed, whilst the continuation of Pitt-street opening out upon the Queen's Wharf will also soon be brought about, the locality will be almost equally convenient as the easterly portions of the Circular Quay.

This noble wharf suggests itself as admirably suited for the

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS

which are proposed betwixt this colony and the mother country, the first of which is shortly expected to arrive—the extensive storage accommodation, deep water frontage, and ample space affording facilities which no other wharf in the city enjoys.

A large rental is now derivable from the property, but which is capable of great increase if actively managed—indeed, with the largely increased traffic consequent upon our gold discoveries, it is difficult to place a limit to the amount of revenue obtainable from premises which could not be erected now-a-days under an outlay of at least many thousands of pounds!

For terms, and all other particulars, application can be made to Messrs. Norton, Son, and Barker, solicitors, Elizabeth-street; or, at the Auctioneer's Rooms, where a plan of the property may be seen.

N.B.—Three Thousand Pounds to remain on Mortgage of the property at 7½ per cent. for a term of years. 13646

POSTPONED TO 30TH JUNE.

PARRAMATTA, WEDNESDAY, June 30,
IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE OF TOWN AND COUNTRY PROPERTIES.

Household Furniture, a splendid Draught Horse, Cart, Dray, and Harness, Plate, Glass, Earthenware, &c.

MR. J. F. STAFF has received instructions from the Executors of the late Mrs. Hannah Walker, to sell by public auction, at the Long Room of the Red Cow Inn, on WEDNESDAY, June 30, at 11 o'clock

The undermentioned Property—

A CHOICE FARM,

Of fifty acres, situate on the Great Road, leading to the Male Orphan School, and surrounded by the Sherwood Estate, Burder Park, and a short distance from the celebrated orchards of Mr. Joseph Kenyon, and but a few minutes' walk of the flourishing town of Parramatta. The land is partly fenced in and watered.

Quit-rent redeemed.

Also, four highly valuable building Town Allotments. Quit-rent redeemed.

LOT I.

38½ perches, with a frontage to Church-street of 1 chain 50 links; on the south by Aird-street 3 chains; on the west to Mr. Blakefield's premises 29 links; and on the north by a line of 262 links, to

LOT II.

Containing 1 rood 9 perches, with a frontage to Church-street of 1 chain 32½ links; on the south by lot 1; on the west by Mr. Blakefield's residence; and on the north by

LOT III.

Containing 38 perches, with a frontage to Church-street of 1 chain 32½ links; and bounded on the north by

LOT IV.

Which contains 1 rood 5 perches, having also a frontage to Church-street of 1 chain 14 links; by a line west of 1 chain 93 links; and bounded on the north by Argyle-street.

The land is fenced round, and is situated in the most populous thoroughfares of the town. The coaches pass to and from Sydney, Liverpool, Windsor, and Bathurst, daily. It is but a short distance from the steam-packets, and lies contiguous to the intended railway terminus. Further particulars may be ascertained from the Auctioneer.

THE FURNITURE is worthy the attention of Innkeepers and others, consisting of eleven excellent dining tables, chairs assorted, feather beds, chests of drawers, bedsteads, a new patent commode, meat safes, hall lamps, sundry glass and earthenware, tea urns, pedestal lamp, backgammon boards, and SILVER PLATE, of King's and Queen's patterns, consisting of ladles, gravy, table, dessert, and tea spoons, sugar tongs, forks, &c.

Terms and conditions at time of sale. 13850

PARRAMATTA.

To Builders, Carpenters, and Cabinetmakers.

MR. J. F. STAFF will sell by auction, on the Church Green, on TUESDAY, the 29th June, at twelve o'clock A.M.,
A Quantity of Seasoned Timber, Lead, Iron, &c., &c.

The timber consists chiefly of six large framed king and queen post principals, with tyes 44 feet long.
About 1000 feet of braces, tyes, and plates, of various sizes; 1000 feet run of 5 x 4, and 8000 feet of common sized scantling.
Twelve 18 feet columns, and eleven 9 feet 6, all turned with caps and vases.
Ten large windows, complete in frames.
About 4000 feet of cedar and hardwood panelled framing, in pews.
8000 feet of hardwood boards, inch, inch and quarter, and inch and half thick.
With old Lead, iron work, shingles, and battens.

The above offers a good opportunity to persons in Sydney raising buildings, as the timber is sound, and has only been removed on account of the insufficiency of the wall to bear its ponderous weight. 14206

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney,
June 24, 1852.

Howarth v. Demster.

ON Monday, (This Day), 28th instant, at noon, on the premises occupied by defendant at Newtown, fronting the road from and near Sydney, in which is now carried on the trade or calling of a retail butcher, the Sheriff will cause to be sold, the defendant's interest in some household furniture, horse, cart and harness, poultry, pigs, &c. After which, the defendant's right and interest in and to an unexpired lease of the premises.

14421

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